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THE MORNING STAR.

The Morning Star
Oldest Daily Newspaper
in the State.
Largest circulation of any
Wilmington Paper.

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WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1908.

WHOLE NO. 12,603.

OUTLINES.

In the gentleman's cafe of a New York department store Mrs. Mary Roberts shot and killed Frank Brady, a well known advertising man, who had boarded at her house; she was a veritable walking arsenal and had her revolvers concealed in her muff—At Clarksville, Tenn., a watchman discovered three negroes as they were about to dynamite and set fire to a tobacco factory, he shot and killed two of them, while one escaped—The end of the Thaw trial seems to be approaching; the wife and mother have both completed their testimony and his old teacher says he was peculiar; physicians from London, Rome and Paris are now in New York and will testify as to Thaw's madness—In Congress yesterday the Senate considered the biennial code for over two hours, the youngest Senator, W. J. Bryan of Florida, made his maiden speech, the House passed the bill providing for a court at Salisbury, N. C.—New York markets: Money on call easy at from 1 3/4 per cent to 2 1/2, ruling rate 2 1/4, offered at 2; flour was steady with a better inquiry; spot wheat was easy and oats, spot, were steady; rosin steady, turpentine easy at 55 1/2; spot cotton closed steady, middling uplands 12.10, middling gulf 12.35; sales 780 bales.

Watch the grafters get busy out in California now. They have got the courts with them.

It will take more than a barrel of buttermilk to pull Fairbanks through that Western campaign.

About the only exciting event in Atlanta now is the daily gathering of the crowds as the jug trains come in.

The latest from Boston is that its cat show was a grand success. The "Hub" always was famous for its old cats.

W. L. Douglas has now come out on a tariff reform platform. All the really great men are getting around to our way of thinking.

The Virginia Legislature is now striving to make a written law out of the unwritten one. That is surely the most satisfactory way.

That New York editor isn't supposed to wear them. If he does, of course, he has a right to complain about the new style of corset.

Oklahoma is getting along all right. She has had a lynching, a bank robbery and the unwritten law. She's fast becoming just like an old fashioned State.

And they say Russia is following the American fleet. No need of her rushing. She can locate it most any night at a fancy ball, and if not tonight, some other night.

We don't think it nice or dignified for the editors to poke so much fun at the length of Fairbanks' legs. He, of all others, knows how they have been pulled in the hopeless race he is running.

When Kentucky finally sends Editor Henry Watterson to Congress, we trust they will put him in charge of the Congressional Record. A fellow may then be able to get some information out of the document.

One of those special Washington correspondents says Beveridge is the handsomest man in Congress. We knew Mr. B. was immensely pleased with himself but we thought it was his voice he was mostly "stuck on."

With all the fires which have recently occurred in theaters we have a poor idea of that manager's judgment who offered Arkansas Davis \$3,000 a month to appear in vaudeville. The insurance men had better get interested.

And now it appears that the poor little fleas have their troubles. We thought their principle function was to annoy pet dogs, but here comes along Surgeon General Wyman, who is blaming them for spreading the bubonic plague on the Pacific coast.

We hope that the human ape discovered in the wilds of Europe will not don a title and come to this country to cut up any more monkeyshines and carry off some nice girl, who happens to have a rich father, and make her unhappy and miserable for the rest of her life.

Tuesday night's Raleigh dispatches, in reporting his bolt of the Democratic caucus because he could not override the will of the majority, quoted one Mr. Douglass, of the county of Wake, as saying he would "introduce a statutory prohibition bill for the State or bust." The Legislature has been spared the spectacle; Douglass got in his bill yesterday—"to ease his conscience."

GOSSIP AT RALEIGH

Action of Democratic Caucus Accepted by The State Prohibition Leaders.

TO WAGE RED HOT CAMPAIGN

Nothing to Lose and All to Gain, They Say—Press Association to Meet in Charlotte—Charters—Rate Law.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 22.—While the emphatic demand made on the Democratic legislative caucus last night by the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League was for statutory prohibition, effective January 1st, there seems to be a very general spirit of acceptance of the final action of the caucus in limiting the consideration of the prohibition question to a bill that shall provide general State prohibition after January 1st, 1909, if the measure is ratified by the people in a general election.

Leaders of the prohibition forces say this morning that they are perfectly willing to have the general election and, in fact, indicate that they believe that possibly the campaign necessary for the election which must be held will give opportunity for paving the way for better and more general enforcement of the law when it does go into operation.

President Clarkson, Chairman Jno. A. Oates and others of the officers of the Anti-Saloon League will remain in Raleigh several days keeping in touch with the legislative work of preparing and enacting the bill indicated by the Democratic caucus as permissible. The bill is to be so drawn that in the event State prohibition is defeated the present conditions under the Watts and Ward acts—the prohibition or dispensary territories—will not be disturbed. So the temperance forces feel that, certainly, nothing is to be lost by the general election to be ordered.

The leaders are declaring today that they will sweep the State by one hundred thousand majority. On the other hand there are those who should be in touch with the situation who believe there is a strong possibility of defeating prohibition if the opponents get out into a really vigorous campaign. The impression now is that the election will be provided for in the bill in the Spring or early Summer so as to avert the injection of the issue into the general November elections. The executive committee of the North Carolina Press Association decides to hold the annual convention this year in Charlotte April 22nd and 23rd, also to ask all members to urge upon the members of Congress the matter of bringing about a change in the postoffice ruling that only papers to be paid in advance subscribers can be mailed as second class matter. Committeemen here for the meeting were H. A. London, R. M. Phillips, W. C. Dowd, Joseph Daniels, Archibald Johnson and J. B. Sherrill.

Charters were issued today for three new corporations at Charlotte, Greensboro and Henderson—The J. K. A. Alexander Co., of Charlotte, capital \$125,000 by M. B. Alexander and others; the Love-Cochran Manufacturing Co., of Greensboro, capital \$100,000 by W. E. Cochran and others; the Carolina Buggy Co., of Henderson, capital \$100,000 by D. J. Cooper, S. S. Partin and others.

The Senators and Representatives who will construct the freight and passenger rate measures to be considered at the extra session of the Legislature, as determined on Monday by the reference of the Governor's message, are the members of the House Committee on Public Service Corporations and the Senate Committee on Railroads.

These committees are composed as follows: House Committee on Public Service Corporations: Manning of Durham, chairman; Yount, of Catawba; Weaver, of Buncombe; Davis, of Carteret; Hankins, of Davidson; Johnson, of Caswell; Kitchen, of Halifax; Preston, of Mecklenburg; McCracken, of Columbus; Midyette, of Northampton; Jacobson, of Beaufort; Mangum, of Gaston; Bryant, of Wilkes; Bailey, of McDowell; Coleman, of Clay.

Senate Committee on Railroads: Graham, of Orange, chairman; Hicks, of Greenville; Mitchell, of Bertie; Holt, of Guilford; Aycock, of Wayne; Ormond, of Lenoir; Etheridge, of Dare, and Seawell, of Moore.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. B. Taylor, Receiver—Notice.
D. H. Wallace—Summon for Relief.
E. Warren & Son—Quick Lunches.
Jno. D. Taylor, C. S. C.—Notice to Jurors.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.—Ladies' Suit Department.
Business Locals.
Julius F. Gordon—Boy Wanted.
Small Family—Furnished Rooms Wanted.
15 cent Lonsdale 12 1/2c. at Gaylord's today.
\$3.50 long kid gloves, \$2.99 at Rehder's.
Don't fail to attend the One Cent Surprise Sale 10 to 10:30 at Rehder's Clearing Sale.
Buy your clothing at Rehder's.

WANT JUDICIAL DISTRICT

Bar of City Will Meet This Morning to Consider Petition to Legislature to Have Superior Court Here.

As intimated in these columns yesterday in speaking of the crowded condition of the jail and the possibility of no court to afford relief for some weeks, the bar of the city has actively started a movement for the creation of a new judicial district with Wilmington as headquarters, this being in line with the recommendation of Governor Glenn to the extra session of the Legislature now at Raleigh, that two additional districts of one county each be created, with a judge over each.

A call was issued yesterday for a meeting of all members of the bar to be held this morning at 10 o'clock at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court at the Court House, and it is not at all unlikely that some decisive action will be taken at once and a committee will be sent to Raleigh to urge the matter before the Governor and the extra session. Present conditions as to the criminal docket are not alone responsible for the movement to have this extra session of the court, for the civil docket of the county is no less crowded and litigants are and have been suffering for lack of facilities to have their cases adjudicated. This being the largest city in the State, it is pointed out that it is very necessary that there should be a judge resident here, rotating, however, to other districts in the State as is the law and custom with Superior Court judges under the present system. Frequently occasion arises here for an injunction or habeas corpus and Wilmington attorneys are put to the inconvenience and delay of traveling for two days and night to the judge riding this district to secure a relief that would best be served by a judge residing here. With such a court, the present conditions as to the county jail and convict camp could not occur and many Wilmington lawyers, criminal as well as civil practitioners, have endorsed the plan.

While there are widely divergent opinions among the attorneys as to the scope and jurisdiction of such a court, it is expected that some agreement will be reached this morning by which the legal fraternity here will present a solid front to the Legislature in asking for this special district. Among the sponsors for such a court are Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, ex-Judge E. K. Bryan and other well known lawyers of large practice here. Asked as to the judge or solicitor that would probably be named, it is stated that this would be left entirely with Governor Glenn, who would have the appointing power.

The arrangement was discussed at some length in legal circles yesterday and all agreed that some relief was imperative from present conditions. The question of cost, etc., will be carefully considered with all other aspects of the case at the meeting this morning.

There is a sentiment against a strictly local court with a local judge as a permanent, but the creation of an extra district as a part of the entire judicial system of the State will probably find favor among the large majority of Wilmington lawyers. Business men are said to endorse the plan also and it is expected that something definite will be accomplished if the Governor and Legislature are at all responsive to the Wilmington petition.

NO RIVER AND HARBOR BILL

Said in Washington That There Will be None at This Session. Advice from Washington as to the effect that there will be no river and harbor bill at this session of Congress has been expected earlier in the session. The Republican leaders, so it is said, have decided that it would be best to postpone the enactment of this measure until after the Presidential election. The present purpose, however, is said to be to make the bill a very liberal one at the next session.

This news is not very disappointing to North Carolina people, as enough was provided in the last bill to continue all projects under way and while it had been hoped that the 30-foot waterway for Wilmington might be fairly launched at this session, it was hardly expected that anything considerable would be done. There will be no let up in the work of education and Mr. Fox of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, will be here this week to discuss with the business men the plans which this great organization now has on foot.

Aldermen Meet Tonight.
The Mayor yesterday afternoon issued a call for a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen to be held tonight at 8 o'clock for the purpose of electing two members of the board of five trustees of the firemen's relief fund. This is the only object stated in the call. The Mayor said last night no other matters could be taken up except by unanimous consent. "Unanimous consent" is sometimes very easy and a number of subjects are likely to be discussed before the meeting is over.

Don't fail to attend the One Cent Surprise Sale 10 to 10:30 at Rehder's Clearing Sale.

Buy your clothing at Rehder's.

ASK A SPECIAL TERM

Commissioners of County Take Action to Relieve Crowded Condition of The Jail.

ALSO A NEED OF CONVICTS

Road Work Likely to Suffer as Result of No Superior Court—Governor Petitioned—Other Matters Before the Board.

To consider what is best to be done in view of the deplorable conditions brought about by the unavoidable postponement of the present two weeks term of New Hanover Superior Court, a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, after conference with Solicitor Duffy and County Attorney Marsden Bellamy, was held yesterday afternoon.

After a full canvass of the situation and a careful examination of the law governing court terms, the Board at once joined in an urgent request to Governor Glenn to call an extra session of the court to be held in this city, for one week, beginning, Monday March 2nd. It is impossible under the law to secure a term sooner as no other judge in the State will be at leisure.

There were present at the meeting, which was held yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Chairman McEachern, Messrs. Robertson, Divine and Vollers and County Attorney Bellamy. It was set out that not only is the jail crowded beyond further capacity, but the convict force at the quarry and on the roads is pretty well depleted on account of the long interim between courts and that unless something was done at once, the road improvement would have to stop. There are now only 24 convicts in the stockade with the terms of seven to expire shortly, whereas it is hardly profitable to work a smaller number than 40. With 62 in jail, it is safe to say that at least 75 per cent. of that number would be received road sentences so that the work could go on at once, but there is no law to work the prisoners while they are in jail awaiting trial.

From a humanitarian standpoint, it was also shown that something should be done immediately. The capacity of the jail is already taxed beyond endurance by those unfortunately confined there and the Superintendent of Health, for sanitary reasons, has ordered the sheriff to confine no more prisoners there.

In the matter of the depletion of the road force, the Board authorized the Permanent Road Committee to secure such additional hired labor as may be necessary for continuing the road work of the county.

As to the special term of court, the following official action was taken and a certified copy of the same was forwarded by Register of Deeds John Haar to the Governor last night, viz: "At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County, held on the 22nd of January, 1908, a majority of the members of said Board being present, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, by the Board of Commissioners, of New Hanover County, that whereas by reason of the illness of a member of the family of Hon. W. H. Neal, the presiding Judge of the January term, 1908, of the Superior Court of said County, the term of said Court could not be held, and whereas there are now 62 prisoners confined in the County Jail of said County, awaiting trial, and a large number of other cases awaiting trial, and whereas the accumulation of criminal actions in said Court is so great as to require the holding of a special term for its dispatch, the Governor of North Carolina be and is hereby requested to order a special term of the Superior Court of New Hanover County for the trial of criminal actions to be held on the 1st Monday in March 1908, and to continue for one week, to be presided over by the Hon. Walter H. Neal, the Judge now holding the court of the Fifth Judicial District, the said Judge not holding any regular term of any court during said week.

"It is further Resolved, That the Governor be and is hereby requested to order that a Grand Jury be drawn for said special term."

It is pointed out as one of the provisions of the law that two weeks notice has to be given before a special term of the court can be held and as the present term will expire under the statute tonight, it would have been impossible to get Judge Neal to come here for a special term next week for the reason that the required notice could not be given.

It is expected that some plan will be devised by which the crowded condition of the jail can be relieved. While the magistrates do not now bind over to the special term but to the regular term the latter part of March, there will be many commitments and these will have to be incarcerated somewhere unless they give bond to the regular term.

The Commissioners yesterday did all under the circumstances that they could do, but at the best, the arrangement is a poor makeshift and the public feels the force of the recommendation in Governor Glenn's message that two additional judicial districts, be created with a judge over each, his spare time to be devoted in holding special courts over the State.

At the meeting of the Commission-

BIG MILL PLANT TO START

Cape Fear to Begin Operation Again on Full Time Tomorrow Morning Installation of Giant New Driving Belt.

It was learned yesterday that all arrangements had been made by which the large lumber mill plant of the Cape Fear Lumber Company will be put in operation again on full time Friday morning. The plant, it is said, has been placed in readiness for this step during the present week and all of the men have been engaged to begin work again.

The mill was closed down shortly before the holidays on account of the unsettled condition of the lumber market and the general financial stringency which made a cut in wages imperative. Many of the mill hands were not prepared to accept the cut in wages but time has demonstrated the wisdom of the offer made by the company to its employees, many of whom are now ready to begin work again, it is stated. About 240 men all told will return to work and the plant will be operated on full time in all departments. It is said that while the conditions in the market are not what they have been before the panic, the mill people have found money easier and with a confidence in the future will manufacture the lumber and keep it on their yards for disposal at best advantage from time to time.

While the mill has been shut down the occasion has been taken to make general repairs and to clean up. For the past ten days the planing mill of the plant has been in operation and some shipping has been done with a force of about 75 men, but these are to be increased to the full quota of about 250 men tomorrow morning. One of the improvements at the mill was the putting in of a new main driving belt. This new belt is 46 inches wide, 131 feet long, of three ply leather and cost something over \$1,100. It weighs 1,400 pounds and was installed by the Price Manufacturing Company of Norfolk.

The people of Wilmington generally will be glad to know of the purpose of the company to start the mill again. The pay roll throws a large amount of money into the channels of trade each week and the retail merchants all over the city have felt the effect of the closing down of the plant shortly before the holidays.

STABBED A COMPANION

Rather Sensational Story From Red Springs Military Academy.
Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 23.—The Observer this afternoon prints the following rather sensational story from the Red Springs Military Academy:

"A student of the North Carolina Military Academy at Red Springs was brought to the Highsmith hospital here yesterday, suffering with two serious stab wounds—one on the arm and one in the side at the seventh rib—and he is threatened with blood poisoning. "The young man, whose name is Marks of Brooklyn, New York, became engaged in a fight with a fellow student named McLean, of Maxton, nearly a week ago, and his wounds are the outcome of that fight. He was attended by a local physician, and the wounds were not thought to be serious, but in the last day or two, his condition became alarming, and he was hurried to the hospital here.

"Young Marks was a student at the Military Academy, preparatory to entering West Point."

Before the Mayor's Court.

Before the Mayor yesterday at noon John Higgins and J. J. Odom, both colored, were charged with disorderly conduct at a house on Castle street. When Officer D. W. Coleman went to arrest them in response to a call from some one in the neighborhood, Odom violently resisted and Higgins went back in the house threatening to kill the officer. At this juncture Officer Joe Lane came up and both were sent down to the station. Odom was fined \$10 and costs and Higgins contributed \$7.35 to the public treasury. George Jones, a negro vagrant from Newbern, was sent to the roads for 30 days.

Mr. Jesse Holland Dead.

The Whiteville Echo of this week notes the death of Mr. Jesse Holland, which occurred at Jacksonville, Fla., last week. He was a native of Wilmington but had lived in Whiteville some time. He was about 40 years of age and leaves a wife and three sons to mourn their loss.

ers yesterday afternoon very little other business of public interest was transacted. The Permanent Road Committee was authorized to purchase two mules and charge same to the County Home Fund in return for five mules recently transferred from the roads to the County Home.

A request from Mayor Springer, in view of the inability of the city to procure rock for the proper repair of its streets, many of which were represented to be badly worn, and in some cases hardly safe, that the Board sell to the city such amount of road material as may be actually necessary for such repairs, delivery to be at the quarry and the arrangement to continue until the city can make arrangements for the care of its streets in accordance with the act of the Legislature, was referred to the Permanent Road Committee with power to act.

15 cent forty-inch white lawns, today at Gaylord's.

MANY LOCAL BILLS

Both Houses of General Assembly Let Down The Bars For The Day.

SENATE WOULD STOP FLOOD

Resolution Referred With This in View—Message From Governor—Several Bills From Wilmington—Douglas Eased.

(Special Star Telegram.) Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 22.—The storm center in today's session of the General Assembly was in the Senate, the House having been in session about half an hour with no business transacted save the introduction of a few local bills. The contest in the Senate was over a resolution introduced by Senator Pharr and asked to be put on immediate passage declaring that the Senate do not at this extra session consider any bills except those bearing on the railroad rate matter and on State prohibition.

Senator Long advocated the Pharr resolution and asked that it be put on immediate passage. Pharr indicated his willingness to amend so as to admit of the passage of local bills. Senator Aycock opposed the resolution saying there should be at least three days of the session yet and a number of local bills could be passed in the interim and no one would be hurt by it. Senator Webb held there was some legislation of a general nature that should be considered. For one thing, a druggist in his town had been indicted for selling Jamaica ginger without prescription and the druggists of the State were here asking relief from this situation. Druggists in his town, Asheville, had, he said, been notified that they would be indicted for selling witch-hazel. He thought a law should be passed prescribing amount of alcohol that can be contained in these medicines.

Senator McLean took the ground that there was a doubt of the right of the Legislature to consider matters other than those for which the session was called. He urged reference of the resolution to the Judiciary Committee with instruction for an early report.

Senator Graham called up his bill to empower the Governor to employ counsel and prosecute the N. & W. rate case before the Interstate Commerce Commission and appropriating \$5,000 for the purpose. He asked its immediate passage. On objection on the part of Senator Redwine the Senate returned the bill to the calendar.

Bills introduced in the Senate:

Redwine—To amend charter of Monroe.

Thorne—To amend act establishing Spring Hope Graded School District.

Ormond—To amend the charter of Kinston.

Ormond—To prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in Kinston. Special tax for public schools.

Pharr—To amend the charter of Charlotte to fund its floating indebtedness and other purposes.

Breece—To incorporate the town of Webster.

Holt—To amend Chapter 1003 by re-enacting Section 3, Public Laws of 1907, affecting notaries public.

Webb—Relating to collection of taxes in Buncombe.

Hicks—To amend Section 4113 of the Revisal.

Drewry—A resolution to print 250 copies of the Governor's message limited.

Bellamy—To repeal Section 3, Chapter 1003, Laws of 1907.

Bellamy—To incorporate the Palm Club of Wilmington.

Bellamy—A resolution relating to the cultivation of native grapes in Eastern Carolina and inducing capital to invest therein.

The latter was a prohibition bill and reference was to Committee on Prohibition and Grievances.

A message was received from the Governor with bill attached directing the Legislature to consider a measure to prevent disintegration of independent railroads by prohibiting them from consolidating, merging with parallel or competing roads. The whole matter was referred to the Railroad Committee.

The House was in session less than half an hour. Douglass, of Wake, offered a bill for statutory prohibition. He said in doing so he wished to be understood as abiding by the action of the Democratic caucus except that he wanted the privilege of offering this bill "for his conscience sake."

Morton, of New Hanover, offered a bill to authorize the aldermen of Wilmington and the New Hanover commissioners to appropriate a thousand dollars each for the expense of gathering data and information for use in inducing Congress to provide for Wilmington to be made a gateway port. He asked unanimous consent for the bill to be put on immediate passage, as it involved purely a local matter. The bill was referred to the committee on ports and harbors, but concerned the whole State in this road it would accomplish. Mr. Stokes, of Johnston, objected, so the bill went to the committee on ports and harbors.

Other bills introduced in the House:

15 cent forty-inch white lawns, today at Gaylord's.

(Continued on page four)

The Morning Star.

Founded in 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON N. C.

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USEFUL AFTER DEATH.

It would probably have been much better for the universe if many of us had never been born.

But who wants to die?

Nevertheless it now appears that after the spirit has taken its flight from the body it should not be buried or even burned.

It is a valuable thing.

Of course we are simply relating what a man has told us. It was a cynic of ancient Rome, who on hearing that the mighty Caesar had fallen under the dagger stroke of the noble Brutus; Cassius and others, remarked that, exalted as the great General was in life, in death he was not as valuable as a dried fish.

We don't claim to know much about the dried fish market but here comes a man who says that a fellow is really worth more dead than alive.

It appears that one, Sullivan, of New England, was in such complete agreement with the dried fish theory that before dying a few days ago he made a will expressing the wish that his body be converted into useful articles.

He directed that his bones be made into buttons, his skin tanned into leather and that violin strings be made of such portions of his intestines as were suitable for that purpose.

It is not likely, however, that this kind of materialism will become popular in this country. Imperial Caesar dead and turned to clay may stop a crack to keep the wind away, but there are not many persons, we think, who would care to make use of Caesar or Mr. Sullivan of New England in the form of collar buttons or harp strings.

However there are persons with freakish minds who delight in the hideous and the monstrous. It is known that Cleopatra boasted that her sandals were made of slaves' skin, and Hamlet considered it quite the proper thing to make drumheads of the unpunctured hides of his enemies.

But it is well to remark that neither the slaves of Cleopatra nor the persons who incurred the dislike of Hamlet voluntarily contributed their bodies for such purposes.

We are told that Mr. Sullivan was convinced that the utilization of human bodies after death would blaze the way for a new and very useful industry by converting into articles of general use much raw material that is now permitted to go to waste. We have no idea how many buttons can be made from Mr. Sullivan's bones, but there will be probably enough to supply the wants of his friends. It strikes us that it would be rather unique after the carcass of Mr. Sullivan has been put through the factory, to hear one friend address another in this fashion: "Say, Bill, have you got any Sullivan souvenir cuff buttons?" "No, but I've got a rattling good set of dice and dominoes made from his backbone."

If any great number of persons in this country should be converted to the belief that their bodies, after death should be devoted to materialistic uses it is quite easy to imagine the great possibilities in the glue and bone trade.

But we are not looking for anything of the kind.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DECISION.

It is becoming quite apparent that the two-cent legislation is not as popular, nor as impregnable as many at first thought it would be.

First came Governor Hughes of New York, who, by vetoing the two-cent rate, bill of New York's Legislature, made himself a Presidential possibility of no mean magnitude.

Then along came Texas, the home of happy hunting ground of corporation batters.

It decided through its Corporation Commission that Texas needed railroad prosperity more than cheaper passenger fares, and again the two-cent rate was turned down. Now comes the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and decides that this rate is unconstitutional and confiscatory.

So altogether the "two-cent" theory of passenger fares is not as high or general favor.

The simple truth is that the vast

majority of cases these reductions in passenger rates should never have been attempted, and the sober second thought of the people sees it.

Throughout the whole agitation the Times-Dispatch has maintained that when the iniquitous practices of rebates and discriminations were abolished the best interests of all parties would be served by allowing the railroads to earn such returns as would enable them to give the facilities needed. It is beyond dispute that the United States, and especially the South, needed new lines, double tracks, more sidings, more stations, better terminals, far more than reduced passenger fares. But these obvious needs were lost sight of in the catchpenny cry of "two cents a mile," and as a result the credit of railroads, which was already greatly strained, snapped like a burnt string. And this must have been so for the two-cent cry was indicative of an animus against railroads that, coming at a time of rising prices for material and labor, meant by the stern necessity of trade that railroads would earn less net returns, and would therefore be less able to borrow the money needed for improvements.

It took some time for the public to comprehend this chain of cause and effect in its entirety. But it became clear at last, and today it may be safely said that the need of developing railroad property and protecting railroad credit is more clearly understood than at any time in the past two decades.

And when once a complete understanding of this situation has been reached the railroads will have no one but themselves to blame if it is ever lost again.

Meanwhile this legal problem remains:

"If a two-cent rate is confiscatory in Pennsylvania, with a population of 41 to the square mile, what is it in Virginia, where the population per square mile is only 43?"

It will take the United States Supreme Court to solve that enigma.

CRITICISING THE ARMY.

A well known German military man who has visited this country, has published some interesting criticism of the army and military resources of the United States.

With respect to the Regular Army he finds the officers well trained and keen, but the enlisted personnel he finds fault with.

He thinks the Army defective in equipment and in reserve stores little preparation has been made for war needs. The National Guard, this German critic, like most of his kind, does not think much of as an effective arm for national purposes.

Of course this German has gauged the American Army by German standards.

In Germany the Army is recruited by conscription, and during the term of service with the colors the German conscripts are treated with scant ceremony by their officers, being considered only as units or parts of a vast machine. Naturally discipline is of a totally different kind from that maintained in an army recruited entirely by voluntary enlistment, and desertion from which is comparatively easy and without serious risk of severe punishment.

The National Guard naturally does not appeal to the German officer because there exists nothing of a similar character in Germany.

But while some allowance must be made for the biased point of view of this foreign critic, it must be admitted that he has correctly appraised our lack of military preparedness for war. The outbreak of war now would find us, as has always been the case in the past, utterly unprepared. We have no surplus supply of arms and ammunition, no accumulation of store for use only in case of war, and no well-defined scheme of mobilization on the outbreak of hostilities or when war is imminent. These are facts that cannot be denied or glossed over and result from the American overconfidence and self-sufficiency which pervade all ranks of our people.

We have an abiding faith in the ability of the American volunteer to meet all demands of war for the future as he has done in the past, but in entertaining this consoling view of the case we forget the tremendous losses the country has suffered in past wars because of this very lack of preparation and training. Experience has taught us nothing.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Taft need not burn the bridges behind him. Not many will be left after he sets foot upon them.—Atlanta Constitution.

Cuba should be handed back to Cubans when the Republicans of the Joe Cannon persuasion revise the tariff.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

By the time it is possible to transfer the stomach of an animal to the body of a man food prices in America will be so high that an opportunity for vast riches will be open to the trust that control the visible supply of the stomachs of insectivorous animals.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

—The Chicago Tribune. Is of the opinion that the health of children is just as important as the health of hogs. Is it not strange that such a doctrine should be preached in Chicago, where the hog is supposed to be the emblem of everything that is looked upon as success?—Charles Press.

The Governor throws himself with his whole soul into the fight in favor of State prohibition by legislative enactment. No one, we think, has pressed the argument so strenuously.

BACKACHE
or any other ache or pain is instantly relieved by

Sloan's Liniment

You do not need to rub. Just put it on—it penetrates and kills the pain. Good for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Stiff Neck, Toothache, and Frostbites.

Price, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00.

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

No doubt his attitude gives much encouragement to the friends of this movement of which Mr. Adams tells us, he is now the head.—Charlotte Observer.

TWINKLINGS.

"Does your wife ever let you have the last word?" "She lets me have all of 'em."—Houston Post.

—Guest—Ten dollars a day! Can't you make a reduction? I'm a robber. Hotel Proprietor—What's that got to do with it? Guest—I thought perhaps that you recognized the profession.—St. Joseph News-Press.

—The prisoner acknowledged that he had stolen the precious stone. "What did you do with it?" demanded the police officer. "Swallowed it." "I've often heard of a diamond in the rough," said the officer.—Philadelphia Ledger.

—"What are you laughing about?" asked the inquisitive pigeon. "My feet tickle," chuckled the sparrow on the overhead wire. "What tickled them?" "Some fellow is sending his best girl a dozen kisses over the telephone."—Chicago News.

—Ascum—Did you actually have the nerve to propose to that Boston girl? Yerner—Yes, I told her my heart beat wildly for her alone, and—Ascum—She didn't believe you? Yerner—No, she reached over and felt my pulse.—Philadelphia Press.

—"Which do you like the better," asked the man who is fond of animals, "dogs or horses?" "Dogs," answered Mrs. Torkins promptly. "They don't lend themselves to the scheme of the bookmakers to get Charley's money."—Washington Star.

THE DOLLAR.

Its Evolution From the One Time Bleat or Bellow.

The dollar took some rounding. Nor did it formerly ring true, but much alive, simply gave bleat or bellow. Cattle, among country folk, at one time constituted the dollar, while primitive man generally made use of any article sufficiently abundant for the standard payment of all merchandise.

Thus, in ancient Greece, a large bronze tripod had the value of a dozen oxen. A good hardworking woman, on the other hand, was given in exchange for only four such beasts.

When metal took the place of money the dollar clung to its traditions, and coins were still called after live stock. Thus "pecunia," applied to metal money, derived its origin from "pecus" (cattle). From the custom of counting heads of cattle came the present designation of a sum in cash—capital or "capita" (heads). In Sanskrit rupa (herd, flock) made rupa or the Indian rupee, while ingots of electrum or admixture of gold and silver when first in use as money bore the impress of an ox or cow.

Not clumsy, but too fragile, were the shells in use as money by the negroes of Africa and throughout ancient Asia, where the natives, taken by its beauty, gave the shell a money value.—R. Holt-Lomax in Harper's Weekly.

A FEW WORDS.

Don't say abolishment, for abolition is the perfect word.

Don't say wonderment when wonder will express your meaning.

Don't say "My politics are." Politics is singular in spite of the final s.

Don't say people when you mean persons. People is a collective noun, in the singular number.

Don't say dappled words, for even when properly employed your meaning will not be so clear to the reader as when you use simple words.

Don't say receipt when you mean recipe. The collector to whom you pay money gives you a receipt. A formula for the preparation of food is a recipe.

Don't say surprised when you mean astonished. You may be astonished to find Johnny stealing jam, but he is surprised by you.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Cause For Thanks.

Charles O'Connor once began an after dinner speech in Philadelphia in this way:

"I must confess that I dread to make after dinner speeches. At the most sumptuous dinners, even at such a dinner as this one, if I know that at the end I must make a speech I am nervous, I have no appetite, I find little to admire in the best efforts of the chef. In truth, gentlemen, I can readily imagine Daniel, if he was at all of my mind, heaving a sigh of relief as the lions drew near to devour him—heaving a sigh of relief and murmuring: "Well, if there's any after dinner speaking to be done on this occasion, at least it won't be done by me."

Pale Delicate Women and Girls. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTE-LESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

Report of the conditions of THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of business December 31, 1907.

Resources:

Loans and Discounts.....	\$609,417 64
All other stocks, bonds and	
Mortgages	10,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures.....	2,246 05
Cash on Hand and in	
Banks	110,136 21
Total	\$731,799 90

Liabilities:

Capital Stock	\$ 30,000 00
Undivided profits, less ex-	
penses and taxes paid	50,792 99
Dividends Unpaid	7.50
Deposits subject	
to check.....	\$511,257 46
Demand Certifi-	
cates of De-	
posits	139,741 95
Total	\$731,799 90

I, F. W. DICK, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of December, 1907.

C. S. GRAINGER,
Notary Public

Correst Attest,
M. W. DIVINE,
J. A. SPRINGER,
H. C. McQUEEN,
Directors

dec 6-11

Coal Lime

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.

WOOD WOOD WOOD

Oak, Black Jack and Pine, Cut for stoves.

"Lightwood Blocks."

"Mid-way" Lumps.

The best Coal for Grates.

Building Material.

Lime, Cement, Wall Plaster, etc.

WOOD Cement

dec 1-11

Popular Brand FOX RIVER BUTTER

It's the best quality made. The prices are right to merchants. Have been known as the best many years; advertising has given it strong support. Consumers can get it by the asking. Ask your Grocer for

FOX RIVER BUTTER

F. E. HASHAGEN CO.

WHOLESALE

ja 19-11

WITH AMPLE FACILITIES

to care for them, we are seeking new accounts and new friends for the new year.

The Southern National Bank

10 Per Cent Off On

Wilson's

We will allow a discount of ten per cent. on all WILSON HEATERS and all other Heating Stoves now in stock.

Sloan & Sweeney

Phone 332 18 S. Front St.

ja 5-11

"Red Cross Shoe"

It binds with the foot

For Tender Feet

Thick Soles that are more flexible than a turn.

JUST RECEIVED A NEW SHIPMENT.

PETERSON & RULF'S

202 NORTH FRONT STREET

Next to Murchison Bank

ja 11-11

Clyde Steamship Company.

New York.

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C. Lines

New York for Wilmington.

S. S. Navahoe Friday, January 17.

S. S. Carib Friday, January 24

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. Carib Saturday, January 18.

S. S. Navahoe Saturday January 25.

Wilmington for Georgetown.

S. S. Navahoe Monday, January 20.

S. S. Carib Monday, January 27.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to E. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.

H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.

310 Broadway, New York

General Offices, Pier 34 N. E. Brook, N. J.

ja 12-11

Coal Lime

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.

WOOD WOOD WOOD

Oak, Black Jack and Pine, Cut for stoves.

"Lightwood Blocks."

"Mid-way" Lumps.

The best Coal for Grates.

Building Material.

Lime, Cement, Wall Plaster, etc.

WOOD Cement

dec 1-11

GUION & DAVIS,

Barbers and Hair Dressers.

Are still at the old stand, No. 7

South Front street, where they are

prepared, as usual, to serve the public

in the best style. Everything necessary

to the comfort and complete satisfaction

of our patrons.

Wilmington is full of La Grippe

Here's The Best Remedy.

Just phone for your regular physician—he knows all your idiosyncrasies and will hit your case the first pop.

When he has called and left his prescription, phone us and we will send for it, fill and return medicine in the shortest possible time.

We send to every part of the city.

JAS. M. HALL

DRUGGIST

Fifth and Castle. 'Phone 192.

ja 12-11

Chesapeake and Ohio Ry.

Scenic Route to the West.

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond... 2:00 P. M. 11:00 P. M.

Ar. Cincinnati... 8:25 A. M. 5:00 P. M.

Ar. Chicago... 5:30 P. M. 7:10 A. M.

Ar. St. Louis... 6:28 P. M. 7:13 A. M.

Ar. Louisville... 11:30 A. M. 8:00 P. M.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address:

W. O. WARTHEM, D. P. A.,

C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

JNO. D. POTTS, Gen'l. Pas. Agt.

ja 12-11

STATEMENT

Condition of THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK of Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business December 31, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts \$1,767,836 59

N. C. State Bonds 55,000 00

U. S. Bonds (at par) 450,000 00

Bank Building 25,000 00

Cash 891,114 25

\$3,189,000 84

LIABILITIES.

Capital \$ 500,000 00

Surplus and Net Profits.. 227,211 61

Circulation 425,000 00

Deposits 1,936,789 23

U. S. Bond Account 100,000 00

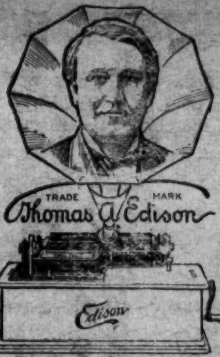
\$3,189,000 84

DEPOSITS:

December 31, 1907, \$1,457,386 48

December 31, 1906, \$1,856,479 01

December 31, 1907, \$1,936,789 23



EDISON PHONOGRAPHS

We Sell

The Edison Phonograph

the most perfect sound producing machine, Mr. Edison's favorite invention, which contains all his new improvements, and sell it for cash or on the easy payment plan. We are now showing the new model with the big horn, the greatest triumph in Phonograph making. We also have a very large stock of Sheet Music, all the popular songs, and at low prices. Come in and look it over.

J. W. Robinson & Co.

205 PRINCESS STREET.

Jan 21 tf

Make Her a Present With the Riag



after you have looked over our large and beautiful assortment. We have engagement rings that will outshine the lovelight in your fiancée's eyes and make them sparkle with joy when you look upon the lustre of our solitaire diamonds, or the marvelous pigeon blood ruby, opal, necklace or brooch that we are showing in our exquisite stock of jewels.

Cut glass, fancy China, silverware in the latest importations. Expert watchwork and engraving.

F. A. BISSINGER.

119 Market.

Jan 21 tf



MENN AND WOMEN.
Use Big C for unnatural discharges, in inflammation, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Cures Gonorrhea, Syphilis, Catarrh, and all other ailments of the urinary tract. Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 5 bottles \$2.75. "Give it a week or two."

BURET H. STEPHENS

Architect
and Consulting Engineer
406 Southern Building

dec 1 tf

Medium Size F. F. V. HAMS

J. Hargrove Taylor

131 MARKET ST. GROCER. Phone 1052.

Seasonable Goods

Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts, Raisins, Apples, Etc. Bagging and Ties.

A Full Line of Heavy Groceries.
Hall & Pearsall, INC.

nov 23 tf

Schedule Steamer

Atlantic

Effective September 1st.

Until further notice, Steamer Atlantic will leave Southport daily at 7:30 o'clock A. M. Leave Wilmington daily, except Sunday, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

M. T. CRAIG,

Phone 764. General Manager.

Advertising Pays Best In The Morning Star.



This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with backache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Christmas Goods.

Illustrated Books,
All the Late
Novels,
Fancy Box Paper,
Waterman's Ideal
Fountain Pens,
All kinds of
novelties,
Huyler's fine
Candies.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
Book Seller and Stationer

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural Newspaper,

AND ADMITTEDLY THE

Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines. No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff. Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, \$1.50;

Two Subscriptions, \$2.50;

Five Subscriptions, \$5.00.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO READERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,

Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions taken at this office.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the cause of Ralph M. Harrelson, Administrator of Joseph Todd, deceased, versus Helen M. Todd et al, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on Saturday, January 25th, 1908, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door of said County, in the City of Wilmington, the following described lot of land in said City: Beginning in the Eastern line of Ninth street 154 feet South of the Southern line of Castle street; runs thence Southwardly along Ninth street 44 1/2 feet; thence Eastwardly parallel with Castle street 70 feet; thence Northwardly 44 1/2 feet; thence Westwardly 70 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 1, 2 and 3 Block 81.

WM. M. BELLAMY,

Commissioner.

dec 25 30d

Read the Business Local

THE EIGHTH GIRL

By BELLE MANIATES

Copyright, 1906, by P. C. Eastmont

When John Walker was left a widower, although he was in the prime of manhood, with a comfortable income and good habits, it was universally predicted that he could never win a second wife.

For what manner of woman—that is, of the type fastidious John Walker would fancy—could contemplate the prospect of stepmothering seven daughters ranging in age from thirteen to precocious four?

If the children had been boys, John Walker's prospects would have been more favorable, for a squad of boys can be turned aside, but seven girls to hear and heed until they should come to an age when they would with their lords depart!

John Walker was domestic, and after two years of widowhood he began to yearn for a goddess of his hearth and home. The affairs of his household had not been administered so badly since his wife died. The cook was capable and honest and had been reigning over the kitchen for eight years. The seamstress, who had always spent a month each spring and autumn "sewing up" for the young Walkers, continued her visits, with the added responsibility of selecting and purchasing material.

The eldest girl, Madge, was promising to be quite a practical little housekeeper, but John Walker knew that a wise feminine hand and heart were essential to the guidance of his active, romping, unruly troop of youngsters.

He began to call assiduously upon Cecilia Rayne, a young woman renowned for her intellect, practicality and excellent judgment. She accepted his attentions, though reservedly, and with a general air of careful consideration and "weighing in the balance."

His intentions were regarded as unmistakable when he invited her, with her mother, to visit his home and drink tea one afternoon. The children on this fateful day had never been so noisy or unattractive. Even Madge was boisterous and untidy.

John Walker did not know that it was malice aforethought on the part of his offspring. Madge was precocious and acute eared. She had heard it said that John Walker would marry just as soon as he could find any one to have him. She had sized up Miss Rayne as a home ruler, and in the mother of Miss Rayne she scented a natural enemy.

So she instigated and encouraged rebellion in her many sisters, and their department carried the day. John Walker escorted his guests to their home and returned with the firm intention of administering unto his own something stronger than rebuke.

He found his flock white robed and sweet voiced, awaiting with uplifted mouths his good night caress, and he could not bring himself to mar their slumbers by so much as a word.

"If she only could have seen them as they are now!" he thought, with a regretful sigh.

Madge's busy little brain worked overtime that night on the solution of the stepmother problem. A day or two after the eventful visit of Miss Cecilia Rayne, as John Walker was passing a little park, he met two or three kindergarten teachers walking with their young charges. He gave them but a casual glance, when his attention was attracted by a delighted cry of "Papa!"

The littlest and last child in the procession led go of the band of the young girl with whom she was walking and rushed up to him.

"Why, Tot," he said, taking her up in his arms.

Then he looked hesitatingly at the young teacher, who was walking on slowly.

"You must be Mr. Walker," she said naively. "I am Tot's kindergarten teacher."

"Are you?" he asked interestedly. "I didn't know that Tot attended a kindergarten."

"Didn't you?" she asked anxiously. "Madge brought her to school yesterday and entered her as a pupil. I supposed it was your wish."

"Of course it is," he replied promptly. "Only I hadn't thought of it before. I am glad Madge is so wise."

"I've learned lots, papa. I'm going to prick you a card," assured Tot.

"Thank you, darling. Where is your school, Miss?"

"Worden," she said, supplying the name. "The school is on the corner of Wood and Third streets, three blocks below. Are you fond of children, Mr. Walker?" she asked, looking up at the princess enthroned on his shoulder.

"Naturally," he said, with a whimsical smile.

She flushed and laughed a little. "Come and visit our school some time, then."

"I will walk there with you now," he responded promptly, setting Tot down on the sidewalk.

The child instantly appropriated a hand of each guardian and skipped along between them.

"Who takes her to and from school?" he asked, remembering the automobiles and trolley cars.

"Madge has so far."

"Madge said you could stop for me noons on your way home to luncheon," said the little girl.

"Why, yes, so I can. How did Madge know of your school, Miss Worden?"

"Oh, Madge and I are old friends. I give music lessons afternoons, and her inseparable companion, Grace Landon, is one of my pupils."

"I wish you would give Madge les-

sons too. Her teacher left the city some time ago, and I have neglected to have her start again."

"I should be glad to teach her," said the girl simply.

"Very well. You may commence tomorrow, if agreeable, and give her two lessons a week."

"She's a sweet little girl," thought John Walker as he pursued his way from the kindergarten. "She must be Tom Worden's daughter. Poor fellow! His failure took all he had. She's a trump to take hold and help in this way."

The first day that John called for Tot he so cordially seconded the child's invitation to her teacher to come home with them to luncheon that she was forced to comply.

Madge's music hour was from 5:30 to 6, and she would not practice properly unless her teacher would consent to stay to dinner. The children all claimed her as a kindred spirit and called her "Bess," for which they were sternly and ineffectually reprimanded by their parent, who finally followed their example and called her by that name himself.

In the month of July the Walkers went to their summer cottage on a lake some twenty miles from the city.

"You need a vacation more than any one," said John Walker abruptly to Bess one day. "You must go with us."

"Thank you very much," said the girl gratefully. "It's kind in you to ask me, but of course I can't accept."

"Why not?" he demanded. "Your father is going west on an extended business trip, and he won't need you."

The girl blushed, hesitated and then said frankly:

"Why, you see, of course, it would really be all right, but then you know people would talk—they wouldn't approve."

She began to flounder in her explanation, and John suddenly comprehended.

"I see," he laughed, nodding. "But you see you have come to seem to me like one of my own—my eighth girl, I call you—but I suppose you are grown up enough for a chaperon."

"I am twenty years old," she said with dignity.

"Indeed! A great age. Well, I have a second cousin, a meek, elderly widow, whom the children rule firmly. I presume she would like a month or so at the cottage."

So it was finally arranged.

From that time on John Walker suddenly regarded his children's teacher in a new light.

"I wonder if a beautiful young girl like Bess could come to care for an old duffer like me," he pondered. "I had supposed that she considered me an old man!"

A thrill stirred within him as he looked up at the fair young face gazing happily over the waters of the lake on the first night of their arrival.

"Bess!" he said suddenly.

But the children had also called "Bess," and she was away for a romp on the beach.

"She is only a child, after all," he thought, with a sigh.

In the Walker boathouse was a canoe which the children were forbidden to use, but Bess one Sunday morning ventured forth alone in it. She managed it very skillfully, but on her return a sudden wind came up and made the lake choppy. She had all she could do to keep her little craft right side up.

John Walker, coming out on the veranda of the cottage, saw her danger and rushed to the boathouse, intending to row out after her. Another emotion besides anxiety surged within him, and he knew now that he loved this playmate of his children.

She was making great progress with her tiny canoe, and as he rowed out from the boathouse she was landing at the pier.

It was a very merry, winsome face, alight with the excitement and danger, that was lifted to his.

In the reaction from his fright he was beginning to censure her when he was interrupted by Madge, who had appeared upon the scene and who instantly resented her father's lecture.

"You shall not scold her!" she cried hotly. "I wanted her for our stepmother, but I'll give her up if you aren't going to be nice to her."

Bess turned red and pale by turns. "I'll race you to the house, Madge," she cried, and they were away.

"Bess," said John softly when he had succeeded in getting an interview, "as I said, I had thought of you as my eighth girl. I don't want to think of you as a stepmother, but I do want you to be my wife and a companion to the girls because I love you. Will you try and care for me?"

The verdict of the world was that John Walker had eight girls now and needed a woman in his house more than ever.

Rebuked.

Young College Woman (Interested in politics)—The office should seek the man. Grandpa (rather deaf)—I know that's what girls think nowadays, but in my time it was considered very unladylike.—Puck.

It is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended, but the glory belongs to our ancestors.—Plutarch.

The Prodigal Son.

Prodigal—Father, I have come home to die!

"Confound you! Haven't you cost me enough already without adding the expense of a funeral?"—Life.

The Usual Way.

"Say, pop, what's a raffle?"

"A raffle, my son, is where I buy nineteen chances on a diamond ring and the fellow with one chance wins it."—Kansas City Star.

The hardest thing to win in the world is your own self respect.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.



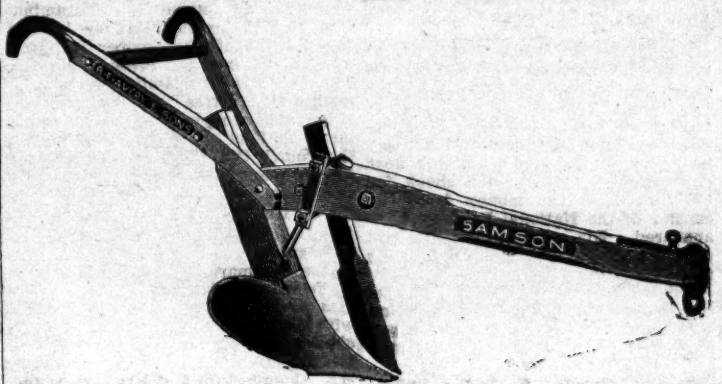
Belle of Virginia Rye deserves its name, and the name is certainly one of distinction and old-time aristocracy. It's a whiskey we are proud of on account of its purity and high quality and its hosts of admiring friends who will drink nothing else. Belle of Virginia is a blend—a scientific, uniform blend of pure, old goods. It's a whiskey with a flavor, and a fine, invigorating after-effect long to be remembered by those who drink it. Try it and you will make no mistake. Sold at the places where gentlemen go to get a drink.

J. & E. MAHONEY
Portsmouth, Virginia

THE WHISKEY WITH ANCESTRY

THE IMPLEMENT STORE

All kinds of improved implements. Syracuse Middle Bursters, Syracuse Chilled Plows. Avery New Ground Plows, \$5 to \$10.



Avery Disc Harrows. Largest stock and lowest prices on all kinds of farm and garden tools. Give us a trial.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY.

Jan 3-tf

What's the Use

of paying more for an article through prejudice, than you can buy for less, that's just as good?

Take Whiskey, for instance.

We make but one charge—just for whiskey—that's all. When you pay more than we ask for our whiskey you are being taxed for something else besides the whiskey.

Now "WHAT'S THE USE" of you paying an excess to anybody for imaginary superiority—when we have the same goods, but are content through immense volumes of sales, to break even on profits—instead of "hiking up" the price beyond the point of giving you value received.

"CHESTERFIELD" products are "AS GOOD AS THE BEST FOR LESS." That's the reason "CHESTERFIELD" Whiskies are popular.

"CHESTERFIELD NEVER DISAPPOINTS." Full quart \$1.00. TRY IT.

Southern Distilling Co.

M. SELIGMAN, MANAGER.

Phone 248 for quick delivery.

so 22-14



Jan 7 tf

A Lunch for the Epicure

that "touches the spot," and that is always appetizing and satisfying, is our fresh, fat and luscious Oysters on the half shell, with a bottle of Munchener, Pabst, Budweiser or Schlitz it is complete.

We serve oysters raw, stewed, fried or broiled and they are cooked in a style that can't be excelled anywhere.

Atlantic Cafe

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT

GESCHEN BROS. Props.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given of a special meeting of Stockholders in The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company to be held at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, January 20th, for the purpose of acting upon recommendations from the Board of Directors that the Capital Stock of the Company be increased from \$25,000 to \$100,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may appear before the meeting.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

Jan 10 tf

The Morning Star.

Thursday, January 23, 1908.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Weather Bureau.

Wednesday, January 23, 1908.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours
ending at 8 P. M. Wednesday, January
22nd:Temperature at 8 A. M., 51 degrees;
8 P. M., 56 degrees; maximum, 64 de-
grees; minimum, 48 degrees; mean, 56
degrees.Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for
the month, 2.69.
Stage of water in Cape Fear river
at Fayetteville on Tuesday at 8 A. M.
8 feet 5 inches.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair, colder
Thursday and Friday; light to fresh
north winds.

Port Calendar—Jan. 23.

Sun Rises 7:06 A. M.
Sun Sets 5:18 P. M.
Day's length 10 hrs. 7 min.
High water at Southport 10:38 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 1:08 A. M.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. C. Townsend, of Lowe, N.
C., was in the city yesterday, making
business calls.—Mr. Y. C. Rich, of Funston, Bruns-
wick, was here yesterday making
business calls.—R. K. Bryan, Esq., of Scott's Hill,
was in the city yesterday on legal
business.—Mr. J. Woodruff King, of Philadel-
phia, is a guest of his uncle, Mr. J.
A. Springer, Fifth and Princess
streets.—Miss Helen Adams, who has been
an attractive guest of Miss Helen
Strange, returned to her home in
Richmond yesterday.

SLICK WORK OF SYRIAN.

Inveigled His Uncle Off and Then
Stole What He Had.The Fayetteville Observer of yester-
day afternoon prints the following
story that will be read with local in-
terest:Sunday night a young Syrian named
Solomon Koury, who came here re-
cently from Greensboro to see his un-
cle, Joseph Zahran, by the use of
stratagem, burglarized the combina-
tion store and dwelling of his uncle
near the Fair grounds, and the next
day forged his name to a check for
\$500, obtained the money from the
cashier of the National Bank and dis-
appeared. His whereabouts are still
unknown, though every effort is being
made to capture him.Sunday afternoon he fixed up a bo-
gus telegram, using a Western Union
blank and envelope, and hired a boy
to deliver it to his uncle. The tele-
gram read:

"Camden, S. C., Jan. 19th.

"Joseph Zahran, Fayetteville, N. C.

"Your sister fell off the train and is
badly hurt and will die. Hurry up,
but don't tell Solomon Koury."

("Signed") KOURY.

In consequence of this message,
Joseph Zahran took the next train
for Camden. That night Koury en-
tered the store, the rear of which is used
as a dwelling, and carried off all the
money in the till, four hundred and
fifty coppers and fifteen dollars in
larger denominations. He also se-
cured Zahran's saving account book.He appeared at the National Bank
Monday (which was a legal holiday)
and told the cashier, who happened to
be in, that his uncle, Joseph Zahran,
wanted to know how much money he
had to his credit, as he had just re-
ceived a telegram that his sister had
been killed, and that he had to hurry
away on that account. He was told
that he had six hundred dollars in the
Savings Department, and the young
man, who seemed in great distress,
departed, saying that he would be back
in a little while with a check on the
account. In less than an hour he was
back with a check for \$500, and was
given the money. He has not been
seen since.When Zahran reached Camden, he
found that no such telegram as he re-
ceived on Sunday had been sent to
him, and that his sister was well. He
turned back to Fayetteville, discover-
ing the robbery of his store, the forge-
ry and the flight of his nephew.

MARRIAGE IN ROBESON

Miss Mary Law Bride of South Caro-
lina Groom—Another.(Special Star Telegram.)
Lumberton, N. C., Jan. 22.—The
home of Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Jenkins, of
this place, was the scene of a beau-
tiful marriage this evening at five thirty
o'clock, Miss Mary Law, niece of Mrs.
Jenkins, and Mr. M. M. Inabnet, of
McColl, S. C., being the contracting
parties. The ceremony was performed
by Rev. P. R. Law, father of the bride.
They left on the 7 o'clock train on a
bridal tour.At the home of the bride's parents
in Howellsville township this after-
noon at 3 o'clock Mr. Daniel B. Mc-
Neill, one of Lumberton's most pop-
ular young men, and Miss Irene King
were married, Rev. F. F. Eure, officiat-
ing. Mr. and Mrs. McNeill arrived in
town late this evening.

SHAD BENCHES RENTED

Valuable Privileges at Front Street
Market at Public Auction.Chairman Martin Rathjen, of the
Market Committee of the Board of Al-
dermen, yesterday at noon rented at
auction the shad tables and benches,
as they are some time called, at Front
street market house. All brought very
good prices and show an increase over
last year. The rent term begins Jan-
uary 22nd:Tables 1 and 2 went to R. C. Fergus
at \$5 per month; 3 and 4 to George
Connor at \$4 per month; 5 and 6 to
Union Fish Company at \$3 per month;
7 and 8 to J. A. Nixon at \$2 per month;
9 and 10 to Ed Taylor at \$1.50 per
month; 11 to J. L. Holmes at \$1 per
month. Each of the bidders offered
25 cents premium.

All furs reduced at Rehder's.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The Star is requested to announce
that the January dance of L'Arioso
German Club will be given on the
night of Thursday, January 30th.—By deed filed for record yesterday
Samuel E. Hall transferred to Allan
E. Jackson, for \$50, property on east
side of Fourth street, 144 feet north
of Wooster, 33x220 feet in size.—License was issued yesterday for
the marriage of Miss Maude E. St.
George, daughter of Mrs. Sue St.
George, of Augusta, Ga., and Mr. Chas.
F. King, of Augusta.—The Literature Department of So-
rosis will be at home to the Club at
Mrs. Martin Willard's this afternoon
at 4 o'clock. The programme will be
a sketch of the life of Dante, a syn-
opsis of Dante's Divine Comedy and
readings from the Divine Comedy.—Sheriff Cowan was busy yester-
day in personally notifying all wit-
nesses and jurors summoned for the
present term of court that they need
not attend. Public notice is given to
the same effect by the Clerk of the
Superior Court in an advertisement in
today's paper.—Foreman James D. Mote and As-
sistant Foreman Walker had a force
of hands at work until a late hour
last night replacing a defective hy-
drant of the Clarendon Water Works
Company at Fourth and Princess
streets. While the repairs were being
made the water in that part of town
was shut off.—The schooner Bayard Hopkins,
having completed discharging cargo
here, cleared yesterday, light, for
Georgetown, S. C. The British steam-
er Eddie, which has completed dis-
charging cargo of German kalm for
the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Com-
pany, also cleared yesterday. She
goes light to Gulfport, Miss., via Nor-
folk for coal.—Mayor William E. Springer has re-
ceived an invitation to a banquet to be
given by the president, faculty and
trustees of Greensboro Female College
on Thursday evening, February 6th,
from 8 to 11 o'clock. Dr. S. B. Tur-
rentine will preside as toastmaster and
among the speakers will be Dr. John C.
Kilgo, of Durham; Dr. William W.
Smith, of Lynchburg, and Bishop Chas.
B. Galloway, of Jackson, Miss.—The United States Civil Service
Commission announces an examina-
tion at Wilmington February 1st, for
the position of store-keeper and gau-
ger in the internal revenue service.
The subjects of examination will be
arithmetic, letter writing, penman-
ship and copying. All application
must be filed with the Secretary of
the Fourth Civil Service District prior
to the hour of closing business on
Jan. 29th.—A very enjoyable trolley ride to
the Beach and German at "Lumina"
was given Tuesday evening by Miss
Nellie Cammarero to a large number
of friends in the city. The German
was prettily led by Mr. Otto Genaust
with Miss Cammarero. The party was
chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. James
Orrell, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Jordan,
Mrs. Cunningham and Mrs. Price, and
all present joined in thanking Miss
Cammarero for the delightful time
given them.—The Department responded to two
false alarms of fire yesterday and the
night before. The alarm from box 48
at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon was at
Fifth and Orange streets, on a promi-
nent corner. Although there is a
standing reward of \$50 for the arrest
and conviction of any person sending
in an alarm, the offence seems to be
committed with impunity. The fire-
men are going to take the matter in
hand themselves and some one is like-
ly to be caught if the practice is kept
up.

BEST ANIMAL IMPERSONATION

Buster Brown and Tige at Academy
of Music Saturday Night.With the Buster Brown Company
which comes to the Academy for two
performances Saturday we are prom-
ised among other improvements in the
cast, the best animal impersonator
who has ever essayed to play the dif-
ficult part of "Tige." Buster's faith-
ful canine companion. The advance
representative while mentioning the
many improvements in the cast this
season, said: "Al Grady, a man who
has made himself famous playing dog,
is playing the part of Tige. Buster
Brown without Tige would be like
"home without a mother." Mr. Grady
certainly knows dogs. His reconstruc-
tion of Tige's quizzical countenance
is a masterpiece in paint, papier-mache
and canvas. Ferocity, amiability curi-
osity; even that peculiarly subtle and
illusive "doggy" emotion called hum-
or is fitted clearly and easily across
his canine mask. He wags his tail,
licks his chops, tracks foot prints with
tremendous energy, worries the
tramp's boots, and just plays dog.
There are a great many people in
the audience who wait to see him as-
sume his expression of pleasant pre-
occupation which is peculiar to the
dog, when he stretches out his neck,
crouches his hind leg or left ear.
Seats will go on sale for both per-
formances tomorrow.

Holt-Williamson Mfg. Co.

Mr. J. Walter Williamson has re-
turned from Fayetteville where he
went on Tuesday to attend the annual
meeting of the stockholders of the
Holt-Williamson Manufacturing Co.
The usual semi-annual dividend of
four per cent. was declared and the
officers were re-elected as follows: W.
L. Holt, president; H. Lutterloh, vice
president; E. H. Williamson, secre-
tary and treasurer.

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tary and treasurer.

There is Only One

"Bromo Quinine"

That is

Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLIC IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look
for this signature on every box.

E. W. Groves

MANY LOCAL BILLS

(Continued from first page.)

were:
Gibbs—To allow Swain county to
erect a new court house.Galloway, of Green—To amend the
law as to the care of idiots and the
insane.Bickett—To submit to the people of
Louisburg the question of "Dispensary
or no dispensary."Koonce—To amend the revision re-
lative to terms of Onslow court. To
allow the county to sell the old court
house.Watts—To amend the road law of
Alexander. To allow Taylorville to
levy a special tax.Jones, of Johnston—To reduce the
fees of officers in Johnston.Douglass—To require railroads to
handle electric equipments.Parks—To provide for two addition-
al courts in Ashe county.Rodwell—A bill relating to the col-
lection of taxes by the sheriff and to
amend the law relative to public
drunkenness in Warren county.Parsons—As to road tax in Rock-
ingham; to protect game in Richmond
county.

The Republicans Caucus.

A joint caucus of Republican mem-
bers of the Legislature tonight an-
nounced the feature of the proposed
compromise of the rate litigation pro-
viding for the railroads to pay \$17,500
toward defraying the expenses of the
extra session and cost of the litigation.The resolution declares that in the
opinion of the Republican mem-
bers, it is unbecoming the dignity of
the State and a travesty on the self
respect of a sovereign State to accept
money from railroads under the ex-
isting circumstances toward defraying
the expenses of the Legislature and
that they (the Republicans) use every
honorable means to protect the honor
of the State and reject that feature
of the proposition as stated by the
Governor in his explanatory letter to
the people of the State and suggested
in his message to the Legislature.

Railway Rate Hearing.

The joint committee on railroads
this afternoon sent for Governor
Glenn to appear before that body and
give a general statement concerning
the legislation on rate and other rail-
road matters that he wants the Legis-
lature to enact. The committee also
heard General Counsel Thom, of the
Southern Railway; F. A. Woodard, ex-
Governor Aycock and R. W. Winston,
of counsel for the State in the rate
litigation, and T. B. Womack, of coun-
sel for the Seaboard Air Line, on the
various phases of the rate situation.As to reviewing the whole scope of
and the history of the rate litigation
and impending compromise, Governor
Glenn declared he had taken a look at
the books of the railroads and consid-
ered the general business and com-
mercial situation and was satisfied the
railroads are in straits and in view of
the fact they had been made to realize
that they must be amenable to the
law of the State. He favored grant-
ing any reasonable concession. He
said the compromise seemed the best
adjustment for the State. The rail-
roads seemed satisfied and he believed
an entire settlement of differences
would go far toward restoring the cre-
dit of the railroads. The Governor
appealed especially for the application
of reduced rates to apply to no roads
less than one hundred miles, instead
of sixty miles as at present. He said
the present status was hampering se-
veral important short lines, including
the Raleigh and Southport, Aberdeen
and Ashboro, and others in that es-
sential extensions would put them in
the column of lower rates so that they
did not feel warranted in making ex-
tensions. He defended the proposition
to clothe the Corporation Commission
with power to make further rate
changes as occasion might arise.General Counsel Thom presented
the idea of necessity of abating the
conflict in order that the railroads
may procure credit necessary in pro-
viding for constantly increasing busi-
ness. Ex-Gov. Aycock made a strong
appeal for the Legislature to ratify
the compromise, declaring his convic-
tion that it was the best for all con-
cerned. He wanted peace between the
railroads and the people and the
restoration of the railroads restored so
they could adequately meet the de-
mands of a growing commerce. The
committee took a recess to meet again
tomorrow afternoon.A rate bill will hardly be ready for
passage before Friday. It looks now
like the Legislature will be here at
least ten days.

(By Associated Press.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 22.—Governor
Glenn today sent a message to the
General Assembly asking that a bill
be passed to prohibit railroads from
acquiring competing lines. It is un-
derstood that this was done with the
idea that the Seaboard Air Line might
be sold and pass into the hands of
competing lines in this State.The Senate today discussed the
question as to taking up any legisla-
tion not set forth in the call for the
extra session. In the House a bill
for State prohibition was introduced
and referred to a committee.

Watched Fifteen Years.

"For fifteen years I have watched
the working of Bucklen's Arnica
Salve; and it has never failed to cure
any sore, boil, ulcer or burn to which
it was applied. It has saved us many
a doctor bill," says A. F. Hardy, of
East Wilton, Maine. 25c at R. R. Bel-
amy's drug store.


A CALL TO OUR SALE

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

The Firm That Pays Your Car Fare.

Rehder's Great January Clearing Sale

Begins Monday Morning at 9 O'Clock and Continues for 10 Days

Everything in this immense establishment will be marked down to
a price that will almost stagger belief. You should not miss this rare
opportunity. One novel feature of this sale will be a ONE CENT SURPRISE
SALE. Each morning at 10 o'clock for 30 minutes we will hand out to
each customer a package containing useful articles, values from 5c to 50c
each. No package will be worth less than 5c. Think of a 25c or 50c
article for only one cent!

We will sell the best 8c calico, light, dark or any color, at 6c.

15-in. colored cotton toweling, the yard 1 7-8c.

50c and 75c hats, felt shape, at 10c.

Greatest bargains in all departments.

Remember the sale only lasts 10 days, and to get the best, you
should be on hand at 9 o'clock when the sale begins.

All carpets and matings laid free during this sale.

Read hand bills for prices.

ja 18 tf

TO THE BEACH
Suburban Schedule(In effect Wednesday, Jan. 8th, 1908.)
Daily except Sunday.

LEAVE.

Wilmington	Wrightsville	Beach
East Bound	Westbound	Westbound
7:00 A. M.	6:25 A. M.	
8:30 A. M.	7:55 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	5:05 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	6:55 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	8:50 P. M.	

Sunday Schedule.

LEAVE.

Wilmington	Wrightsville	Beach
East Bound	Westbound	Westbound
9:00 A. M.	9:55 A. M.	9:45 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 A. M.
1:00 P. M.	1:55 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
2:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.	3:15 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	4:25 P. M.	4:15 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:55 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	5:55 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:25 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	7:25 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	8:25 P. M.	8:15 P. M.
10:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	

Freight Schedule.

Leave Wilmington 4:00 P. M. (Daily
except Sunday).
Freight received at 9th and Orange
streets from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.

Cars will be operated between Front
and Princess streets and Seventeenth
and Market every 20 minutes. Leaving
Front and Princess from 6:50 A.
M. until 9:50 P. M.Leaving 17th and Market from 7:00
A. M. until 10:00 P. M. All suburban
cars will make regular stops at Del-
gado.

CAROLINA PLACE SCHEDULE.

(Sundays).

Leave Front and Princess streets
every 20 minutes from 8:30 A. M. un-
til 9:50 P. M.Leave Seventeenth and Market
streets every 20 minutes from 8:40 A.
M. until 10:00 P. M.

Delgado and the Golf Links.

On the trips leaving corner of Front
and Princess streets at 2:30, 3:30, 5:10
and 7:10 P. M. daily except Sunday,
the Carolina Place car will be run to
the Golf Links. Sundays 9:30 A. M.Leave Golf Links daily, except Sun-
day, at 2:40, 3:40, 5:30, 7:20 P. M.
Sundays 9:40 A. M.

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Sundays 9:40 A. M.

Sundays 9:40 A. M.

15 Days! 15 Days!

WONDERFUL

...SALE...

STARTS
THURSDAY, Jan. 23\$2,000 Worth of Ladies' and
Children's Cloaks and Furs
To Be Sold at Less Than
60 Cents on the Dollar.

100 dozen 25c Shopping Baskets Thursday 7c	300 white bed spreads were \$1.00, Thursday 69c
5,000 yards of 25c Hamburg in Swiss and cambric, yard. .10c	10 yards of the best 15c bleach- ing, Thursday \$1.00
5,000 yards of 5c Valenciennes Lace, Thursday yard 3c	100 dozen baby Mitts, all colors, Thursday, pair 4c
100 Quilts, our \$2.00 kind, Thurs- day \$1.59	25c 40-inch white Organdy, Thursday, per yard 15c
2,000 yards of Dress Suiting was 15c, Thursday 8 1-2	1,000 yards of Linen Toweling, 15c kind, yard 9c
Our 15c 40-inch white Lawn, Thursday 12 1-2c	100 dozen full size Turkish Tow- els, 25c kind 19c

Write or Phone for one of Our 4-Page
Price Lists for This Sale.

OPENING DAY: THURSDAY.

GAYLORD'S

DEPARTMENT STORE

STORE CLOSED WEDNESDAY.

ja 19 tf

For Gentlemen

of Good Taste

San Felice high grade
5c CigarSamuel Bear, Sr. & Sons,
Distributors18 and 20 MARKET STREET.
WILMINGTON, N. C.Hugh MacRae & Co.
SOUTHERN
SECURITIES

HAVE SAILED FROM RIO

Bob Evans and His Big Battleship Fleet Are Off Again on the Long Voyage to the Pacific Ocean.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 22.—To the booming of guns and the cheers of thousands on the accompanying pleasure craft, the American warships sailed from Rio Janeiro this afternoon bound for Punta Arenas on the Magellan Strait.

Ten days will bring the fleet almost midway on its 14,000 mile cruise to San Francisco and the ships and the men carried with them today the good wishes of the whole Brazilian nation.

Not an untoward incident had marked the visit of the Americans here. They were feasted and fêted, both officers and men during their sojourn in Rio and half the population turned out from early in the morning to give them a fitting farewell. The quays, the public buildings and the hills were crowded with thousands watching the warships until they had disappeared through the mouth of the bay into the open sea.

President Penna came to Rio Janeiro from Petropolis about 11 o'clock and proceeded on the yacht Silva down to where the warships were lying. He went aboard the cruiser Benjamin Constant, which was in readiness to accompany the American fleet and made a tour of all the American ships.

Accompanied by Admiral Alencar, the minister of Marine Dr. L. Muller the minister of public works and other high officials he visited the flagship, Minnesota where he was received with all honors, and the band played the Brazilian national anthem. In the salon of the Minnesota there was a mutual exchange of greetings. Admiral Thomas made a little speech in which he expressed his best wishes for the prosperity of Brazil and her President, concluding with "Brazil, God bless you for evermore."

The President responded with a thousand wishes for a good voyage for the splendid fleet, prosperity for the United States and the health of President Roosevelt. While the President was aboard the Minnesota, and during his trip among the vessels salutes were exchanged and on his departure from the flagship twenty-one guns were fired.

Dr. Penna then returned to his yacht, which proceeded to a point off Fort Villegagnon to watch the departure of the ships. About three o'clock the American fleet began to move, the Alabama leading.

Three divisions of the Brazilian navy followed, composed of three battleships, seven cruisers and six destroyers. In the vicinity of Forty Villegagnon many steamers circled about, having on board thousands of spectators from shore. Hundreds of launches and small craft from the sporting clubs all gaily decorated, were there also, forming a stirring spectacle.

As the warships disappeared from view, they were steaming at a ten-mile pace. One by one as they passed the President's yacht, today saluted with twenty-one guns and the forts replied in kind. There was much waving of small flags and handkerchiefs and the cheering seemed incessant.

Captain R. E. Ingersoll, Chief of Staff to Rear Admiral Evans, on being interviewed before the departure of the fleet said that he had no special plans for the passage of the ships through Magellan Strait. They will go there, however, as a solid fleet.

THE LOCAL ELECTION

Possible Effect of Action by Democratic Caucus in Raleigh.

"What of the local prohibition fight in view of the determination at Raleigh to hold an election for the entire State?" was frequently asked yesterday.

"So confident are they of winning and so desirous of having a public sentiment behind the movement, they will continue their fight for an earlier closing of the saloons in Wilmington," said one who professes to be in the confidences of those who favor prohibition.

"They'll never do it," replied one claiming to be equally well informed of the situation, and hinted that even after all the petition now in the hands of the committee may not have a sufficient number of valid signatures upon it.

Inquiry was among members of the Board of Aldermen and it developed that there is a strong probability that even if the prohibitionists force the petition forward, they will not call an election on the ground that the expense will not be warranted in view of the fact that it will be but a month or two until the county will be called upon to bear its part of the State election on the same subject anyway.

Chairman Fennell, of the local Executive Committee, has not yet returned from Raleigh and until he arrives and has a conference with his committee, the action of the prohibitionists will likely not be finally determined upon.

APPEARING OLD

Acts as a Bar to Profitable Employment.

You cannot afford to grow old. In these days of strenuous competition it is necessary to maintain, as long as possible, one's youthful appearance.

It is impossible to do this without retaining a luxuriant growth of hair. The presence of Dandruff indicates the presence of a burrowing germ which lives and thrives on the roots of the hair until it causes total baldness.

Newbro's Herpicide is the only known destroyer of this pest, and is as effective as it is delightful to use. Herpicide makes an elegant hair dressing as well as Dandruff cure.

Accept no substitute—there is none. Sold by leading druggists and sent by stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes—50 cents and \$1.00. HARDIN'S PHARMACY, Special Agent.

25 cent white organdie, 15c, today, 5c inches wide, at Gaylord's.

TWO NEGROS WERE KILLED

They Were Caught in the Act of Trying to Dynamite a Tobacco Factory of Clarksville, Tenn., One Has Escaped

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Clarksville, Tenn., Jan. 22.—An attempt was made last night to set fire and dynamite to the loose tobacco factory of the Hayes-Sorey Tobacco Company, local representatives of the Italian Regies.

Two negroes, Tony Allen and Walter Watkins, alias, Frog Eye, were killed while trying to escape by one of the night watchmen. One other negro escaped but is thought to have been wounded.

The Regie tobacco factory, since the recent trouble in the dark tobacco district has been closely guarded. The guards usually take lunch at 11 o'clock and shortly after this hour, when Guard Shanklin was making his rounds he noticed three men standing in front of a door of the factory on the west side. Shanklin at first thought they were guards. One of them struck a match, however, and when he did Shanklin asked who it was.

The negroes broke and ran. Shanklin followed and at a distance of sixty yards away fired three times at the fleeing men. One of the negroes dropped dead in his tracks and the second ran about seventy yards to a colored tenement house where he died.

The third negro is thought have been wounded.

An investigation showed that the door of the factory had been saturated with coal oil and four sticks of dynamite placed against it.

When the bodies of the two negroes were searched sticks of dynamite were found on their person in sufficient quantities to wreck the building.

A PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

Miss Ada Gore, the Pretty Attractive Bride of Mr. T. R. Newkirk.

At the home of the bride's father, Mr. B. F. Gore, 720 Dock street, at 7:30 o'clock last evening a quiet marriage was celebrated, the parties being his attractive young daughter, Miss Ada, and Mr. T. A. Newkirk. The ceremony was performed by their pastor, Rev. Fred D. Hale in the presence of just a few relatives of the bride and groom.

The bride was handsomely attired in gray silk and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The groom wore the conventional black. Their attendants were a niece and cousin of the bride, Miss Ella Vereen and Mr. Joe C. Vereen. The parlors of the Gore home were beautifully decorated for the occasion and after the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the groom, No. 1101 Market street, where refreshments were served in most exquisite form and those present seemed to thoroughly enjoy a good time.

The bride is a charming young lady with beautiful disposition, which has endeared her to a host of young friends. The groom is an enterprising young business man of this city and is much admired for his generous disposition, which has also won for him a great many friends, all of whom wish for the happy pair a smooth and peaceful journey across the sea of life.

QUESTIONS IN GEOGRAPHY

Mr. Cumming Propounds Interesting Inquiry and Offers Prize

Editor Star—You spoke of the value and interest of your reader refreshing their knowledge of geography. Apropos I want to ask, to what part of the territory of the U. S. A. can one go and observe the remarkable phenomenon of the sun rising in the Pacific ocean and setting in the Atlantic? I will give a book to the first school boy or girl who will answer this question correctly.

W. M. CUMMING,
108 Princess street.

Mrs. W. H. Sprunt Bereaved.

Mrs. W. H. Sprunt received a telegram yesterday from Hickory, N. C., announcing the death there on Tuesday night, the 21st inst., of her brother-in-law, Mr. H. C. Dixon. Mr. Dixon was recently secretary of the Piedmont Manufacturing Company, but was formerly Assistant Principal of the Finley High School, Lenoir, N. C., and will be remembered by several of his pupils here who held him in high esteem.

Ex-Secretary Shaw states that he has not resigned from the presidency of the Carnegie Trust Company, but had contracted to sell his holdings in the company and if paid according to terms would resign on March 1. He declined to discuss the differences which have existed between him and Mr. Dickinson, who controls the institution. Mr. Shaw says he came to the Carnegie Trust Company on his retirement today from the Secretaryship of the Treasury on March 4, under a contract with Mr. Dickinson and his associates in control, at a salary of \$36,000 a year. When it developed that Mr. Shaw and Mr. Dickinson differed as to policy and methods Mr. Shaw proposed purchasing control of the institution but Mr. Dickinson declined to consider the offer and Mr. Shaw therefore contracted to sell to Mr. Dickinson.

One of the most important matters considered at yesterday's session of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor at Washington, was the question of the principles of a bill on which the Federation should stand providing for the regulation and limitation of the issuance of injunctions and to correct the abuses of the injunction writ by the courts. A decision in the matter will not be reached until later on in the week. A communication was received suggesting an order of business and professional men who are now outside of the ranks of organized labor for the purpose of being chartered by the American Federation of Labor and furthering its movement.

ADVERTISING MAN SHOT

Mrs. Mary Roberts Clark, a Manicurist, First Murdered Him and Then Committed Suicide With Another Weapon.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 22.—Sweeping through the crowded restaurant which takes up the eighth floor of Macy's department store and into the gentleman's cafe today, a tall stylishly dressed woman bent for a moment over the shoulder of a diner, whispered something in his ear and then drawing a revolver from her muff emptied the contents of the five chambers into his body. As her victim, Frank Brady, a newspaper advertising solicitor, slipped lifeless to the floor, the woman flung the weapon from her and taking a second revolver from her muff, shot herself first in the head and then twice in the breast. She died a half hour later.

A note found in the woman's purse proved her to be Mrs. Mary Roberts Clark, a manicurist, the widow of a police officer, and step mother of a six year old son, Raymond.

Brady was 30 years old and the sole support of a helpless aged mother for whom he had made a home. The shooting was the culmination of a series of violent quarrels and, according to the woman's intimates, in fulfillment of a threat to murder Brady in a public place.

The suicide, who was about thirty years of age, was Mary McLean when she married John Roberts. When the latter died a year ago she assumed the name of Clark and supported herself and child, first as the wardrobe woman at an uptown theatre and then as a manicurist. She was of a prepossessing appearance and had marked business ability.

While she was in prosperous circumstances and before the death of her husband, Brady had lodgings at her home and she declared that she helped him to the success which he subsequently attained. A few months ago he left her home and made a home for his mother whom he brought here from New Jersey.

Recently Mrs. Clark thought that Brady was avoiding her and when he called at her home occasionally they quarrelled. Today Mrs. Clark went to her bank, made a cash deposit, wrote a note identifying herself and referring the reader to her attorney, and armed with three revolvers, went to the store where she knew that Brady usually lunched. She made her way hastily to a small smoking room for gentlemen, just off the main dining hall. The big room was filled with women who were lunching after the morning's shopping and amid the buzz of conversation her agitated manners attracted the attention only of the waitresses.

In a moment she stood behind Brady's chair and spoke to him. Before he had time to reply her hand shoved a revolver in his face and commenced firing. The head, the neck, the shoulder, the breast and the abdomen were successfully pierced by bullets and Brady lay dead at her feet. Giving one glance to the half dozen men nearby who were momentarily stunned by the pitiless murder, Mrs. Clark whipped another weapon from her furs and put a bullet near her right ear and two others in her bosom.

The report of the discharges created consternation and there was a rush for the elevators. Employees of the place quickly closed the doors shutting off a view of the smoking room and reassured the women patrons, few of whom realized what had occurred. The police broke the news to Brady's aged mother and the Gerry Society took charge of the dead woman's body.

READ ALL THIS.

You Never Know the Moment When This Information May Prove of Infinite Value.

It is worth considerable to any citizen of Wilmington to know how to be cured of painful, annoying and itching piles. Know then that Doan's Ointment is a positive remedy for all itching of the skin, for piles, eczema, etc. One application relieves and soothes. Read this testimony of its merit:

J. S. King, clerk on Market street, residing at 815 Orange street, Wilmington, N. C., says: "I used Doan's Ointment and found it to be a great remedy for itching hemorrhoids. It acted like a charm in my case. I tried all kinds of remedies, but until I used Doan's Ointment I could get nothing to give me positive relief. It is a splendid preparation and you are welcome to use my name as one who says so. I obtained it at R. R. Bellamy's drug store."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other.

GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, JUNE 30TH, 1906, SERIAL NUMBER 1098 tuthsa-tf

Mind Your Business!

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

WARM WIRELETS.

There was no election for United States Senator in the joint session of the Legislature at Frankfort, Ky., yesterday. The joint ballot resulted as follows: Beckham 63; Bradley 61; scattering 6.

Morris K. Jesup, retired banker and long prominent in civic affairs, died early today at his home, 197 Madison Avenue, New York, from heart disease. The illness which caused Mr. Jesup's death was of two years standing. He was 75 years old. In addition to his large business interests Mr. Jesup was prominent in philanthropic and scientific associations.

A terrific sprint in the six day bicycle race at Kansas City started by Halbrook and taken up first by Root and then by Moran, resulted in the loss of a lap by Monroe, placing Monroe and Morgan four laps behind the other five teams. The score at 6:30 last night or at the end of the twentieth hour was 411 miles and six laps for all the teams except Monroe and Morgan.

Traders and Mechanics bank, a state institution at Pittsburg, with a capital of \$100,000, has closed its doors. The following notice was posted: "Closed by order of State Banking Commissioner, James L. White, temporary receiver." The Treasury Trust Company, a subsidiary, occupying the same building at Fourth avenue and Market street, also was closed. According to temporary receiver White, the trouble results from the inability of the bank to make clearings and maintain its reserve. Receiver White says the depositors will be paid in full.

How He Grew Young.

One satisfied man returned from a two weeks' holiday. He spent it on a farm owned by an old aunt, and the royal way in which she fed him, to use his own description, formed the chief delight of his holiday.

"You see," he remarked confidentially, "my wife is a graduate of a diet and cooking school of the most up to date sort. She sees that we never have a meal which isn't perfectly balanced as to food values. The things we eat are chosen with reference to that and not with regard to whether we like them especially. Well, I can tell you, old Aunt Laura, with her table just groaning with forbidden, indigestible articles, was a mighty welcome change to me. She never heard of carbohydrates or phosphates or cellulose, and she wouldn't know a protoid if she met one in a bean porridge, where, by the way, I believe they largely congregate. But I tell you her fried chicken and fresh pork and biscuits were the finest things I've had for years. My wife actually turned pale when she saw me eat, and I know she was worried, because we were six miles from a doctor. I was never ill for a minute, though, and those two weeks of old fashioned, unscientific cooking have made me feel like a new man—or, rather, like a boy again."—London M. A. P.

Her Conversion.

When preparing his parishioners for the solemn ordinance of confirmation an old clergyman found among them one old woman so excessively ignorant and stupid that for some weeks prior to the time he was obliged to have her come to his house every day in order to instruct and catechize her. At length he began to hope that his time, patience and zeal had not been entirely bestowed in vain, a few bright flashes of understanding having burst from the old dame's clouded intellect. "Now, my good friend," said the worthy pastor just previous to the commencement of the ceremony, "as this is the last moment in which I shall have an opportunity of conversing with you, let me ask, do you thoroughly understand and believe all the articles of your Christian faith?"

"Aye, yes, sir, thank'ee," replied his venerable pupil, with a simper and dropping one of her best courtesies, "I does indeed now, and thank God, I heartily renounces them all."

The Clock Struck 1.

It was just two minutes to 1 when John Ludlam entered the house and, unwrapping a paper parcel, said to his wife that he had brought her a present of a clock. It was her birthday, and she had expected a brooch or a ring at least, and so she said tartly, "You liked the look of that clock." His face flushed. "A nice way to speak about a present!" said he hotly. "Well, it's the truth. I wouldn't have given a couple of shillings for it," said she in an exasperating tone. John Ludlam was a quick tempered man. The veins in his temples swelled, and—

Just then the clock struck 1. What did it signify—that the clock was running all right?

It did not. The ambulance surgeon said a few minutes later that if the clock had struck one inch nearer her temple John Ludlam would have been a widower.—Pearson's Weekly.

How Is Your Digestion.

Mrs. Mary Dowling of No. 228 8th Ave., San Francisco, recommends a remedy for stomach trouble. She says: "Gratitude for the wonderful effect of Electric Bitters in a case of acute indigestion, prompts this testimonial. I am fully convinced that for stomach and liver troubles Electric Bitters is the best remedy on the market today."

This great tonic and alternative medicine invigorates the system, purifies the blood and is especially helpful in all forms of female weakness. 50c. at R. R. Bellamy's drug store.

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale.

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale.

Visit Gaylord's Big Sale today for bargains.

8 cent colored lawns, 6c. yard today at Gaylord's.

\$1.50 skirts at 95 cents at Rehder's Clearing Sale.

Wonderfully Good Sight.

The Duchess of X. once went to Greenwich to see the marvels of the observatory. It was a lovely night, and for the fair duchess' benefit the great telescope was duly leveled at the dazzling field of stars.

"What is that star?" she said, pointing to a very bright one.

"Oh, that's Aldebaran, a star of the first magnitude."

"Is it very far off?" asked her grace.

"About six or seven light years, your grace."

"What is a light year?"

"Merely an expression which one uses to convey an idea of the distance which light travels in a year. Roughly speaking, light travels at the rate of 100,000 miles in a second, and there are about 31,000,536 seconds in a year. In one year, therefore, light travels about 5,991,840,000,000 miles. The expression 'light year' includes these figures."

"And is that star all those millions of miles away?"

"Yes, your grace, as nearly as we can calculate."

"Then all I can say," remarked the duchess, "is that you must have wonderfully good eyes to make out that star's name at that distance, even with this big telescope. It's really most marvelous."—London Tit-Bits.

Slaughtered the Anthem.

"When I went west first," said a Unitarian minister, "I was in a small town called L., and in the choir of my church the village blacksmith did noble work as baritone. He had a voice that could shake mountains, and whatever it lacked in any other feature it made up in volume. He couldn't read music any more than he could English, but he learned a tune very readily."

"One Sunday we were to be favored with a new anthem because it was a special occasion, and the baritone had one portion all to himself. Unfortunately he had missed many of the practices."

"The anthem went along excellently until it came to a beautiful part which reads, 'And, dying, bids us all aspire.'"

"Here the rest of the singers stopped short in that quick, sudden way that choirs have, and in the ensuing stillness sounded the ponderous tones of the blacksmith:

"And dying brides are filled with fire."—Boston Herald.

To a Higher Table.

John Barrett, chief of the bureau of American republics, after various other experiments in diplomacy, came to Washington from Oregon during President Cleveland's second term to get anything he could. He brought a bunch of Oregon boomers with him, and for a time they stayed at the best hotels. The job was slow in coming, and they went from cheaper place to cheaper place, like Mark Twain's office seeker, until they were forced to eat at one of the lunch places on Pennsylvania avenue. One night while they were at dinner word came that President Cleveland had decided to appoint Barrett minister to Slam. Barrett rose from the table and put on his coat.

"Hold on, John!" cried one of his companions in misfortune. "Where are you going? Aren't you going to finish your dinner?"

"Gentlemen," said Barrett as he stalked out, "this is no place for the minister to Slam to dine."—Saturday Evening Post.

Not Certain About That.

Mrs. Verdigris was enumerating her various ailments. "I haven't kept track of all of 'em," she said, "but one of the first things I had was the lumbago in the small of my back. Then I had the influenza awful bad. The next thing I had was the rheumatiz. Since then I've had neuralgia, nervous headache, sore throat, indigestion, a breaking out on my skin and ever so many other pesky little troubles that I can't remember."

"It would be an interesting list," said her sympathizing neighbor. "Why didn't you take an inventory?"

"I'm not certain but what I did," answered Mrs. Verdigris. "I took ever so many things. I'll try it if you think I'd help me, but unless it's very mild I just know it won't stay on my stummk."—Youth's Companion.

Made a Record.

"Yo' said in yo' sermon, Brother Dickey, dat Jonah wuz eat up by de whale?"

"I sho' did."

"Well, den, how comes he live ter tell it?"

That seemed to stagger the old man, but he gathered himself together and replied:

"Dat's easy. You see, Jonah wuz de fust fisherman, an' he had ter make a record!"—Atlanta Constitution.

An English View of Robert E. Lee.

General Robert E. Lee was indeed fully Washington's equal as a hero and a gentleman and much his superior as a soldier. It is only in the larger political or semipolitical sphere that he stands lower and there perhaps only because his opportunities were so much smaller.

Sound Teeth

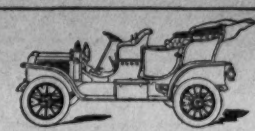
—healthy gums, sweet breath are the result of constant use of

Meade & Baker's

Carbolic Mouth Wash

You will like the after-taste—it's fragrant and pleasant.

At your druggist's, 25c, 50c, \$1.00.



AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS

We offer some rare bargains in "INCOMPARABLE WHITE STEAM CARS," shop-worn and demonstrated cars, also other well known high grade cars, slightly used, that have in the past year been traded in part payment for later models of "White Steam Cars." We annually dispose of such cars at very low prices, some as cheap as \$500. All overhauled and in good condition. Don't miss this opportunity to get a good car cheap. Write today while selection is good.

THE WHITE COMPANY
Broadway and 62nd St., New York, N. Y.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to your Place of Business or Residence for Advertisements for our Business Locals Department. Phone the Star office, No. 51.

Rates—25 cents for each insertion of twenty-five words, or less. Additional words, more than twenty-five, one cent per word in advance.

The A. D. T. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for Notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charges for the telegrams, and but a small charge for notes. For this service call Western Union, Phone 2. But for Advertisements always call the Star office, Phone 51.

WANTED.—By small family, furnished housekeeping rooms or furnished rooms with or without board in strictly private family. I am a traveling man and desire to arrange a congenial home for wife and two children. In reply state particulars and price. Address E. H. S., care Star, ja 23-1t

BOY WANTED.—A good opening for an energetic boy under fifteen and a chance to learn business methods. Short hours and good pay. Need not interfere with school duties. Steady work in spare moments all winter. Julius T. Gordon, 108 1-2 Princess street, Wilmington. ja 23-1t

MIDDLE AGED Married couple, no children, desire two rooms furnished for light housekeeping; references required and given. Address W., care Star office. ja 23-1t

TWENTY of the most popular brands of whiskey on the market that formerly sold at \$1.25 and \$1.50, now on special sale at \$1.00 per quart while they last. Phone 1,479. Morris Distilling Company. ja 22-2t

80,000 CEDAR SHINGLES for sale; four, five and six inches. Send in your orders before they are all gone. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. ja 19 1w

700,000 HIGH GRADE Building Brick for sale; "quick delivery and best material" is our motto. Also lime, cement and sewer pipe in stock. Roger Moore's Sons & Co. ja 19 1w

THE AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, corner Sixth and Red Cross streets, furnishes reliable colored help for private families at short notice. James R. Gillespie, manager. Phone 1671. ja 19 6t*

WANTED.—Salesmen of ability and neat appearance to call on all merchants in their territory; elegant side line, convenient to carry; good commissions; prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. ja 19 26 f 2 9 15 5t

FOR SALE.—A large lot of empty ink barrels and kegs. Apply at Star office. ja 14 6t

TRUCK FARM FOR RENT.—Finest land in this section. On macadam road, quarter of mile from city. Address Box 194, City. ja 16 1w

THE GILBERT HOUSE, corner of Front and Princess streets steam heat, electric lights, hot and cold water. Regular transient and table board. Rates by the week A. M. Gilbert. nov 5 t

BOARDING.—Permanent and Transient. Best location in city. Meals to suit the business men. Strictly up to date. Harnett House, 110 Princess St. Hot and cold baths. Phone No. 718. se 22-1t

AT CANDYCAPP'S—Hot and cold soda apparatus in full blast. Ice cream, candies, fruits—the best in the city. Send your orders for ice cream to Candycapps. A. Mavromichols. ja 8-4t

STOP! PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, Notary Public. Correspondence, depositions, specifications, commercial and general typewriting satisfactorily performed. Court cases and conventions reported. Meares Harries, 114 Princess Street. Office phone 708; residence phone 546. de 13-1t

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

—High Point, Jan. 22.—Officer Myers has left for Newton, where he goes to bring back to this city a young man by the name of Boyd, who is wanted here for beating his board bill and also for larceny of some goods.

—Buncombe county has sold to W. J. McDonald, of Chicago, Ill., \$40,000 worth of "county jail" bonds. The price paid was 104. The money derived from these bonds is to be used for the purpose of erecting a new county jail at Asheville.

—In the case of the town of Laurinburg, N. C., against the Atlantic Trust and Deposit Company as bondsmen for the Southern Contracting Company, which failed to fill a contract to put in a sewer and water plant, a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs for the entire amount sued, \$9,000 was rendered in the Federal court at Norfolk Tuesday. An appeal was noted.

—Asheville, Jan. 22.—James Canada, a yard switchman in the employ of the Asheville division of the Southern, was killed in the local yards yesterday afternoon at 2:20 o'clock by passenger train No. 9 from the South. Canada either did not hear the approach of the engine or failed to get far enough away. His clothing was caught by the passing engine and he was dragged to his death. Canada was about 22 years old.

—Louisburg, Jan. 22.—Louisburg's younger generation has settled the great question of prohibition after due debate and many orations pro and con. In plain terms, the debating society of the Louisburg graded school at a meeting Saturday discussed the question of "Liquor or no liquor" and, to speak it gently, the liquor side won. The superintendent and his assistants escaped complete paralysis as a result of the decision as they are seen today in apparently normal condition.

—Louisburg, Jan. 21.—A negro named John Brame was caught here and returned to the officers from Wake Forest, who came from their today after him. The police officer at Wake Forest visited Brame's house last night for the purpose of collecting taxes and found a number of negroes assembled gambling. They assaulted him, inflicting serious injuries. Four were captured at Wake Forest, but Brame escaped and came to Louisburg, where Chief High, who had been notified, arrested him.

—Statesville, Jan. 21.—The Frix Company, which has had its offices in Statesville since the company was established and incorporated nearly two years ago, has moved its offices to Charlotte. The company does a big organ and piano business in Eastern North Carolina and South Carolina and the office has been moved to Charlotte to be nearer the bulk of the company's business. The company had contemplated moving the office to Columbia, S. C., but it was later decided to go to Charlotte.

—Asheville, Jan. 22.—The Southern Railway, it is understood here, is steadily decreasing its operating forces on account of the lack of business. It is said here that within the past few days about 45 men have been laid off and that in addition fifteen engineers have been sent back to firing. While business has picked up some during the past week or two it still is off to a distressing point, and where the same number of train crews maintained the trips made by the men are few and their pay correspondingly small.

—Statesville, Jan. 22.—Sheriff W. A. Summers has arrived from Wheeling, W. Va., with John Jones, colored, who will probably be tried at the term of Superior Court next week for the murder of Gus Murchison, colored, in Statesville the night of August 23d, 1890. The arrest of Jones was brought about in a remarkable manner. His brother, Tom Jones, who about Christmas professed religion conceived it to be his duty to tell of past wrongs, not only those committed by himself, but the offenses of his brother, John. He told the officers that his brother was wanted here for the killing of a man years ago, and that is how John fell into the hands of the Wheeling officers.

—Asheville, Jan. 22.—John Stokes, a negro convict serving two and one-half years on the county chaingang, was shot and killed yesterday morning by a guard at the convict camp, ten miles from Asheville, while attempting to make his escape. Stokes had been on the gang only about four months. This morning he made a break for liberty and the guards began shooting at him. He had run from under the guns of all the guards, save one standing on a little rise. This guard, with Stokes at least four hundred yards and hot-footing it, took deliberate aim and cut him down with his rifle. The bullet entered Stokes' right side and came out at the left, killing the negro almost instantly. Stokes was one of the most dangerous negroes in this section. He killed a man in cold blood at Canton about a year ago and also a man on railroad works in Tennessee. He was arrested here by two police officers, who he tried to shoot.

Seven Years of Proof.

"I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at R. R. Bellamy's drug store, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Meet your friends at Gaylord's today. SQUIDS.

Effectually Squelched.

The clerk in a dry goods store was waxing sarcastic at the boarding house table because the schoolteacher said she was tired. "I don't see how you have the nerve to say that," he said. "You have a snap. Your hours are short, and, although you say you have to look over papers in the evening, I reckon you don't have to spend much time on them. Then look at the vacations you have—a week or two at Christmas, another in the spring, two or three days at Thanksgiving time and then the entire summer. Look at me. I have to work eight hours every day, with only a half hour at noon, and once in awhile I have to put in an evening at the store when they take inventory of stock. And my vacation! I get the legal holidays, two weeks in the summer and during the hot months a half day off, and heaven knows what a good half day does! Gee! Schoolteachers certainly have a cinch."

During this harangue the schoolteacher listened carefully to the noise he made while he talked. When he finished she said sweetly: "Well, why don't you become a schoolteacher? There's no law to prevent you that I know of."

And the rest of the table grinned audibly, while the clerk grabbed a toothpick and went out.—New York Press.

On the Dynamite Ships.

There is a service whose conditions are little known to the outside world, that of the men on the dynamite ships that lurk in the shadow of Canvey Island. It once happened that a cargo boat took fire near Canvey Island. The crew could not extinguish the flames, the vessel had to be abandoned, and the tide carried her straight for the dynamite ships. By a miracle the blazing hulk steered safely between them. But the tide turned, and with it back again she came. Another miracle and the floating inferno missed them all a second time. A spark from her blazing timbers, the least shock from a collision and she had exploded such a mine as would have blown the half of Essex into Ireland. She floated, hissing and spluttering, down the tideway and passed away, to burn herself to the water's edge beyond the reach of dynamite. And the silent, lonely men stayed unstartling at their posts and twice saw the grave open and close before them.—Army and Navy.

Plant Wood's Garden Seeds

FOR SUPERIOR VEGETABLES & FLOWERS.

Our business, both in Garden and Farm Seeds, is one of the largest in this country, a result due to the fact that

Quality is always our first consideration.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Oats, Seed Potatoes, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and other Farm Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Catalogue is the best and most practical of seed catalogues. An up-to-date and recognized authority on all Garden and Farm crops. Catalogue mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va

Money Advice

Deposit Often

Deposit all you can afford—do not attempt to hoard your savings at home! To do so is to invite a loss by Fire or Burglars, either of which is liable to enter the home at any moment.

This bank offers absolute safety for your savings—it also adds 4 per cent. interest to them while in SAFETY.

Follow this Money Advice by depositing today.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

MATT J. HEYER, President.
MILTON CALDER, Cashier.

Southern Bldg. Opp. Postoffice.
Ja 22-1f.

ACADEMY

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25TH.

Third Triumphant Tour and All New Edition

"BUSTER BROWN."

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

Everything new and elaborate. Matinee Prices—75 cents and \$1.

Night Prices—to \$1.50. Seats for both performances on sale Friday. Ja 22-3t-we-th-sat.



FREE KNIFE!

For a limited time with each Boy suit or shoe for \$3.00 and over we give a good 2-Blade Knife, every Boy or Girl will be delighted to get one of these presents; send them to us, we will fit them correctly and give them their money's worth.

CLOTHING

Young Men's Suits in Grey, Black and Browns neat and nobby patterns in latest styles from \$7.50 to \$15.00.

Men's Suits, a big line of Black Tibets and Unfinished Worsteds latest styles; Vanitton Hned, a nobby Dress Suit, prices \$15 to \$25.

Rain Coats, full assortment of Grays, Blacks and Tan Colors, prices \$10.00 to \$15.00.

SUITS MADE TO MEASURE

If you intend to have a suit made come and look over our samples. We can make you any kind of suit you want from Business suit to full Dress we have an expert here at all times for measuring. We guarantee you a fit or no sale.

Sole agent for Hole-proof Socks and Stockings, the sock that will wear you six months.

J. W. H. FUCHS

128 to 136 South Front Street.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway.

Schedule effective January 5th, 1908 Subject to change without notice.

Direct and shortest line to the principal Cities, South and Southwest also connects at Hamlet with Vestibule Trains North.

Tickets for passage for all trains are sold by this Company and accepted by the passenger with the understanding that this Company will not be responsible for failure to run its trains on schedule time or for any such delays as may be incident to their operation. Care is exercised to give correct time of connecting lines but this Company is not responsible for errors or omissions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington as Follows

No. 44 at 12:35 A. M. from Charlotte, Hamlet and local Stations.
No. 40 arrives 1:30 P. M. from Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with No. 38 from Birmingham and Atlanta, No. 33 from Norfolk and Raleigh.

Trains Leave Wilmington as Follows

No. 45 No. 33
Lv. Wilm'tn. 4:50 A. M. 4:00 P. M.
Ar. Lumb'tn. 7:26 A. M. 6:55 P. M.
Ar. Maxton. 8:18 A. M. 7:49 P. M.
Ar. Hamlet. 9:15 A. M. 8:50 P. M.
Lv. Hamlet. 9:45 A. M. 10:20 P. M.
Ar. Monroe. 11:40 A. M. 12:20 A. M.
Ar. Charlotte. 12:35 P. M. 12:35 A. M.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and Richmond and points north. At Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Charlotte, with No. 84 for Washington and New York, No. 32 for Portsmouth Norfolk and No. 42 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

For time-tables and any information apply to your nearest Ticket Agent or call Phone No. 1294.

J. D. EDWARDS,
Union Ticket Agent.
F. A. FETTER,

Agent
Phone 86, Wilmington, N. C.
C. H. GATTIS,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to Balsam of Capivi. Cures or relieves in 24 HOURS the same diseases without any delay.

OUR SPECIALTIES

Eastman Kodaks and supplies—Edisons Mimeographs and Neostyles for duplicating. Victor Talking Machines and Records. Globe-Wernicke "Elastic" Book cases. Globe-Wernicke Filing Cabinets. Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens. Yates & Co's Special \$1.00 Fountain Pen. Oliver Typewriters, Ribbons, Carbons, and Stenographers Supplies.

C. W. YATES & CO.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

BOSSOLA



A water-proof paste polish for men's, women's and children's shoes. Polishes, softens and makes the leather wear longer. The best 5c polish in the world.

Write or Phone for Wholesale prices.
SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE

1st - 2nd - 3rd Three (3) Floors

of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Pants, Fancy Vests, Hats, and Furnishing Goods. :: :: :: ::

(Not an accumulation of years of old goods)

But are new, stylish, up-to-date goods of this season's manufacture, and at prices that meet legitimate competition. Call in and let us prove to you our motto:

Better Goods for Same Money;
Same Goods for Less Money.

J. W. FLEET CO.

Phone 673. No. 7 N. Front St.
Phone orders receive prompt and careful attention.

The Buying Class Read The Morning Star,
Hence Advertising Pays Best in This Paper

Atlantic Coast Line

Schedule in Effect January 5, 1908

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departures are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 41.	No. 42.
Lv. Wilmington.....	9:00 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro.....	12:03 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount.....	1:35 pm	11:40 pm
Ar. Weldon.....	4:55 pm	3:30 am
Ar. Norfolk.....	6:05 pm	
Ar. Wilson.....	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Petersburg.....	7:05 pm	5:27 am
Ar. Richmond.....	8:00 pm	6:10 am
Ar. Washington.....	11:50 pm	9:50 am
Ar. Baltimore.....	1:43 am	11:23 am
Ar. Philadelphia.....	4:21 am	1:41 pm
Ar. New York.....	7:23 am	4:13 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41.	No. 42.
Lv. New York.....	9:25 am	9:25 pm
Ar. Philadelphia.....	11:37 am	12:15 pm
Ar. Baltimore.....	2:12 pm	2:51 am
Ar. Washington.....	3:45 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk.....		8:25 am
Lv. Richmond.....	7:25 pm	8:15 am
Ar. Petersburg.....	8:05 pm	9:03 am
Ar. Weldon.....	9:59 pm	11:30 am
Ar. Rocky Mount.....	11:03 pm	12:55 pm
Ar. Wilson.....	11:47 pm	1:59 pm
Ar. Goldsboro.....	6:15 am	8:12 pm
Ar. Wilmington.....	9:40 am	6:10 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND TH. SOUTH.

	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Wilm'tn 5:15 am	3:35 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Flor. 9:05 am	7:30 pm	4:30 am
Ar. Columbia 12:25 pm	11:10 pm	
Ar. Charlotte 1:10 pm	11:37 pm	7:50 am
Ar. Savannah 6:50 pm	2:59 am	1:59 pm
Ar. Jacksonville 9:00 am	3:30 pm	
Ar. Tampa 7:15 pm	11:00 pm	

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Tampa.....	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville.....	9:30 am	7:55 pm
Ar. Savannah.....	1:41 pm	11:59 am
Lv. Charleston.....	6:12 pm	5:20 am
Lv. Columbia.....	4:30 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Florence.....	7:44 pm	8:55 am
Ar. Wilmington.....	12:55 am	1:20 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	Westbound. Daily.	Eastbound. Daily.
Lv. Wilmington.....	8:40 am	8:15 pm
Lv. Fayetteville.....	12:10 pm	4:55 pm
Ar. Sanford.....	1:40 pm	8:40 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEW BERN.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.		
	North-bound.	South-bound.
Lv. Wilmington..	3:20 pm	1:00 pm
Ar. Newbern ...	7:00 pm	Lv. 9:25 am

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R. for all points east.

Trains No. 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeper between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SMOKE

CUBAN

BLOSSOM CIGARS!

WHY?

BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST CIGAR FOR THE MONEY.

H. L. VOLLERS.

WHOLESALE GROCER.

MAKE

HAY....

and let us Sell

you a

HAY PRESS.

to be worked by horse power, making neat small bales. Bagging and Ties, are going to be in good demand and you should buy now.

Full stock Heavy Groceries.

The Worth Co.

Get What You Want By Reading or Using Star Business Locals.

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 22.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market nothing doing.
ROBIN—Market, nothing doing.
TAR—Market, nothing doing.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm \$2.25 per barrel for hard, \$3.25 for dip and \$3.25 for virgin.
Quotations same day last year—spirits turpentine 67 1-2c bid; rosin firm \$3.80; tar quiet \$2.50; crude turpentine, \$3.35; \$4.50 and \$4.50.

RECEIPTS.
Spirits Turpentine 10
Rosin 320
Tar 26
Crude Turpentine 4
Receipts—Same day last year 38 casks spirits turpentine; 182 barrels rosin; 229 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.
Market—Steady at 11 3-4 cents for middling.
Same day last year—Steady 10 1-2 cents for middling.
Receipts—4,368 bales, same day last year 304 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.
PEANUTS—North Carolina Prime 95c, extra prime \$1.00; fancy \$1.05 per bushel of 28 pounds; Virginia—No. 1, 70; fancy 75¢; Spanish 90¢; \$1.00.
CORN—Firm, 80¢; 82 1-2 per bushel for white; 78¢ for mixed.
N. C. BACON—Steady; hams, 17c per pound; shoulders 12 1-2¢; sides dull, 12 1-2¢.
EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.
CHICKENS—Dull at 15¢30c. for large springs; grown, firm, 30¢35c.
BEEFWAX—Firm at 24c.
TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-3¢5c. per pound.
BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 3 1-2 per pound on foot.
HIDES—Dry flint, 8 to 9c; green 4 to 5c per pound.
PORK—Firm at 7¢10c. per pound.
TURKEYS—Firm at 15c on foot; 18¢ dressed.
SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 65¢70c per bushel.
CHESSE—Firm, 60¢70c per head.
COW PEAS—\$1.40¢1.50 per bushel; white peas, \$2.50 to \$2.75 per bushel.
WOOL—Firm at 23¢24c per pound.

THE COTTON MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—The cotton market was nervous and unsettled closing barely steady at a net advance of 3 to 6 points. Sales for the day were estimated at 350,000 bales.

The market opened steady at an advance of 6 to 8 points in response to higher cables than expected and reports that the Lancashire labor disputes had been settled, but quickly eased off to within 3 or 4 points of last night's closing owing to scattered liquidation in the absence of important support.

After selling at 11.35 for March and 11.46 for May the market had quite a sharp rally during the middle session on the report that returns to the National Ginners Association showed only 350,000 bales ginned between January 1 and 16, against 435,000 bales last year. March advanced to 11.49 and May to 11.60; but the demand seemed to come mostly from shorts and later the market weakened again; closing within 2 or 3 points of the lowest. There were rumors in the late trading that the census figures tomorrow morning would be less bullish than indicated by those of the National Ginners Association and rumors were circulating that there had been another hitch in the settlement of the Lancashire troubles. Tomorrow's receipts at Houston are expected to be heavier, but bulls say that an increase in the movement is to be expected owing to a recent improvement in demand from spinners and while a prominent English statistician estimated the European mill stocks at 1,649,000 bales against 1,109,000 last year, he also estimates the world's requirements of American this season at 12,400,000 bales.

Receipts at the ports today were 38,388 bales against 31,319 last week and 46,277 last year. For the week 225,000 bales against 252,322 last week and 299,155 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 9,656 bales against 14,499 last year, and at Houston 6,336 bales against 9,481 last year. Spot closed steady; middling uplands, 12.10; middling gulf, 12.35; sales, 780 bales.

Futures opened steady and closed barely steady.

Month	Open	Close
January	11.26	11.26
February	11.26	11.26
March	11.38	11.37
April	11.46	11.45
May	11.53	11.48
June	11.43	11.43
July	11.51	11.29
August	11.29	10.99
September	10.48	10.48
October	10.48	10.48

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 12 1-4; Net receipts 7,698.
New Orleans—Firm, 12 1-4; Net receipts 9,656.
Mobile—Net receipts 1,274.
Savannah—Quiet, 11 1-2; Net receipts 4,670.
Charleston—Quiet, 11 1-2; Net receipts 404.
Wilmington—Steady, 11 3-4; Net receipts 4,368.
Norfolk—Steady, 12 1-4; Net receipts 2,894.
Baltimore—Nominal, 12 1-4.
New York—Steady, 12.10.
Boston—Steady, 12.10; Net receipts 90.
Philadelphia—Steady, 12.35; Net receipts 87.
Jacksonville—Net receipts 92.
Total today, at all ports, Net 38,388; Great Britain 4,126; France 15,537; Continent 22,837; Japan 7,155; Stock 929,322.
Consolidated, at all ports, Net 155,935; Great Britain 63,406; France 33,317; Continent 43,623; Japan 7,155.
Total since Sept. 1, at all ports, Net 5,869,629; Great Britain 1,976,269; France 554,813; Continent 1,984,818; Japan 110,663; Mexico 1,299.

The strongest sometimes eat the least, but they eat wisely.
Not what you eat, but what you digest, gives you strength.

Uneeda Biscuit

is the most nourishing and digestible food made from flour.
Eat wisely—eat for strength—Uneeda Biscuit

5¢ In moisture and dust proof packages.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12 1-8; Net receipts 6,536.
Augusta—Quiet and Steady, 12 1-8; Net receipts 1,065.
Memphis—Steady, 12 1-8; Net receipts 1,601.
St. Louis—Steady, 12 1-4; Net receipts 1,137.
Cincinnati—Net receipts 361.
Louisville—Firm, 12 1-8.
Little Rock—Steady, 11 1-16; Net receipts 1,479.
Total today—Net Receipts 12,179; Gross Receipts 15,886; Shipments 15,432; Sales 2,465; Stock 304,161.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

(By Cable to the Morning Star.)
Liverpool, Jan. 22.—Closing cotton: Spot in fair demand, prices 12 points lower; American middling fair, 7.13; good middling, 6.77; middling, 6.51; low middling, 6.17; good ordinary, 5.75; ordinary, 5.25.
The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 9,700 American. Receipts 9,000 bales including 4,100 American. Futures opened steady and closed quiet and steady. American middling G. O. C. January, 6.07 1-2; February and March, 6.07 1-2; March and April, 6.08; April and May, 6.07 1-2; May and June, 6.07; June and July, 6.05 1-2; July and August, 6.00 1-2; August and September, 5.89; September and October, 5.74; October and November, 5.63 1-2; November and December, 5.61.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—The dry goods market is somewhat more active and many buyers are operating cautiously, though steadily. Grey cotton goods for converters uses are firmer and heavy cottons are firmer. Yarns are in slightly better demand. Revisions in many lines of piece goods are being made. Standard silk taffetas are lower. There is more activity among primary agents for the moment than among jobbers although the business of the latter shows a steady improvement. Hosiery and underwear are more active in this market.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—The price movements in the general lists of stocks today were little more than sympathetic reflections of the fluctuations in the few stocks in which professional operations centered.

There was a subsidence of the liquidating pressure which was perceptible yesterday and this condition left an uncovered short interest with need to be provided for. There was a suspicion that the turn in the market was fostered by the strong financial interests which have been giving credit for the support of the market which had been effective up to the end of last week. Conditions were not appreciably changed today from yesterday. Evidence accumulated of the piling up of money at this center, of the growing pressure to put it in loans and of the increasing plethora in loaning channels which is resulting. The same tendency seems to be quite universal and reduction in the official discount rates of the banks of England and France tomorrow was canvassed as a likelihood in foreign markets. This development is having its inevitable effect in improving the demand for "gold edge" highly secured bonds as a seasoned capacity.

Information coming to hand today offered little reassurance for present expansion of business activity, beyond the increase in confidence in an early revival of demand for products to be stimulated and by the relaxation in the money market news of the day, however, continues to give reports of shrinkage of traffic and of curtailment and economy to keep pace with it.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—Money on call easy 1 3-4 to 2 1-2 per cent; ruling rate 2 1-4, closing bid —; offered at 2. Time loans easy; sixty days 4 and ninety days 4 1-2; six months 4 1-2 to 5. Prime mercantile paper 6 to 7 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8690 to 4.8695 for demand and at 4.8320 to 4.8325 for sixty day bills. Commercial bills 4.83. Bar silver 55 1-2; Mexican dollars 44.

New York Bonds.

U. S. refunding 2s reg 104
U. S. refunding 2s cou 104
U. S. 3s reg 100 1-4
U. S. 3s cou 101
U. S. new 4s reg 118 1-4
U. S. new 4s cou 120 1-2
American Tobacco Co. 4s 66
American Tobacco Co. 6s 101 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line 87 7-8
Baltimore & Ohio 98 3-4
L. & N. Unified 4s 97 1-4
Seaboard Air Line 52
Southern Railway 5s 86 1-2
U. S. Steel 5s 88 1-8

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper 50
American Car Foundry 30 1-2
American Cotton Oil Co. 33
Amr. Cotton Oil Co. pfd. 80 3-4
American Locomotive 38 1-4
American Smelting and ref. 65 1-4
Amr. Smelting & Ref pfd 90
American Sugar Refining 112
Amr. Tobacco pfd cert 79
Atchison 71 3-4
Atchison, pfd 87
Atlantic Coast Line 71
Baltimore & Ohio 87
Baltimore & Ohio pfd 85
Chesapeake & Ohio 29 1-2
Kansas City Southern 22
Kansas City Southern pfd 51 3-4
L. & N. 97 3-4
New York Central 100 1-4
Norfolk & Western 68 1-2
Norfolk & Western pfd 80 3-4
Pennsylvania 115 3-5
People's Gas 85 1-4
Reading 102 1-8
Reading 2nd pfd 81
Rock Island Co. 14 1-8
Rock Island Co. pfd 78 1-4
Southern Pacific 111 1-4
Southern Railway pfd 10 1-8
Southern Railway pfd 32 1-2
Tenn. Coal & Iron 95
U. S. Steel 30 1-4
U. S. Steel pfd 94 5-8
Va-Car. Chemical 17 7-8
Va-Car. Chemical pfd 90 3-4
Seaboard Air Line 52
Seaboard Air Line pfd 86 1-2
Standard Oil 481
Western Union 57 1-2

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—Flour—steady with a better inquiry.
Rye Flour—Barely steady.
Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.
Corn Meal—Firm.
Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 1.04 3-4 elevator. Options partly 1-2c lower. May 1.10 1-4; July 1.05 3-4.
Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 75 nominal elevator. Options 3-8 to 1-2c net higher. May 70 5-8; July 69 1-4.
Oats—Spot steady; mixed 53 1-2.
Lard—Easy.
Pork and Tallow—Barely steady.
Rice—Steady.
Molasses—Firm.
Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3.36; centrifugal 96 test 3.86; molasses sugar 3.11. Refined—Steady.
Coffee—Spot steady, Rio No. 7, 6 1-4; Santos No. 4, 8 1-8. Mjld coffee—Steady; Cordova 9 1-4 to 13. Futures net unchanged to 5 points higher.
Butter—Firm; creameries specials 32; extras 31 1-2.
Cheese—Firm, unchanged.
Eggs—Steady; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, brown and mixed fancy 24 to 25.
Freights and Peanuts—Steady, unchanged.
Cabbages—Easy; domestic 5.00 to 7.00; red, per barrel 1.25 to 1.50.
Cotton seed oil—Firm and higher on foreign demand and speculative support. Prime crude 31 1-2; prime summer yellow 41 1-2 to 42; off summer yellow 40 to 41; good off summer yellow 39 to 41; prime white 43 to 44; prime winter yellow 45 1-2 to 48.
Go to Gaylord's Big Sale today. Nuff said.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
Chicago, Jan. 22.—Lower cables and liberal primary receipts caused a one cent break in wheat today, but part of the loss was regained on buying brought out by a strong market for corn. At the close wheat for May delivery was off 1-2c. Corn was up 7-8c. Oats were 1-4c lower and provisions were down 7 1-2 to 17 1-2 to 20c.

Leading futures closed as follows:
Wheat—May, 1.02 1-4 to 3-8; July, 98 3-8; September, 95 1-4.
Corn—May, 61 3-8 to 1-2; July, 60 to 1-8; September, 59 1-2.
Oats—May, old, 54 1-8; May, new, 52 to 1-8; July, old, 47 3-8; July, new, 45 1-2.

Mess pork, per barrel—February, 12.50; May, 13.00.
Lard, per 100 pounds—January, 7.62 1-2; May, 7.87 1-2.
Short ribs, per 100 pounds—January, 6.62 1-2; May, 6.92 1-2; July, 7.10.
Cash quotations were as follows:
Flour, easy; No. 2 spring wheat, 1.10 to 1.11; No. 3, 98 to 1.11; No. 2 red, 96 3-4 to 98 3-8; No. 2 corn, 59 to 1-2; No. 2 yellow, 62 to 1-2; No. 2 oats, 50 1-4; No. 3 white, 49 to 52; No. 2 rye, 83; fair to choice malting, 85 to 95; No. 1 northwestern, 1.21 1-2; prime timothy seed, 4.40; clover, contract grades, 17.00; short ribs, sides (loose), 6.25 to 6.75; mess pork, per barrel, 12.62 1-2 to 12.75; lard, per 100 pounds, 7.62 1-2; short clear sides (boxed), 6.62 1-2 to 6.75; whiskey, basis of high wines, 1.35.

NAVAL STORES.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
New York, Jan. 22.—Rosin, steady; turpentine easy at 55 1-2.
Savannah, Ga., Jan. 22.—Spirits turpentine steady, 51 1-2; sales, 201; receipts, 201; shipments, 343.
Rosin, firm; sales, 3,554; receipts, 1,989; shipments, 1,450; stocks, 115,232.
Quote: A. B. C., 3.65 to 3.70; D, 3.70; E, 3.65 to 3.72 1-2; F, 3.75; G, 3.75 to 3.80; H, 3.85 to 3.95; I, 4.00; K, 4.85; M, 5.50; N, 5.80; WG, 6.00; WW, 6.00.
Charleston, S. C., Jan. 22.—Turpentine and rosin nothing doing. Quotations omitted.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Str. Johnson, Ward, Clear Run, W. J. Meredith.

CLEARED.

Br. str. Eddie, Harrison, Gulfport, via Norfolk, Helde & Co.
Schr. Bayard, Hopkins, 212, tons, Lynch, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 22, 1908.
C. C. Railroad—207 bales cotton, 6 barrels tar.
W. & W. Railroad—1,559 bales cotton, 12 barrels tar.
W. C. & A. Railroad—1,891 bales cotton.
A. & Y. Railroad—359 bales cotton.
W. & N. Railroad—228 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels crude turpentine.
Str. Duplin—56 bales cotton.
Str. Lyon—68 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 70 barrels rosin, 8 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine. Plat—250 barrels rosin.
Total—4,368 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 320 barrels rosin, 26 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

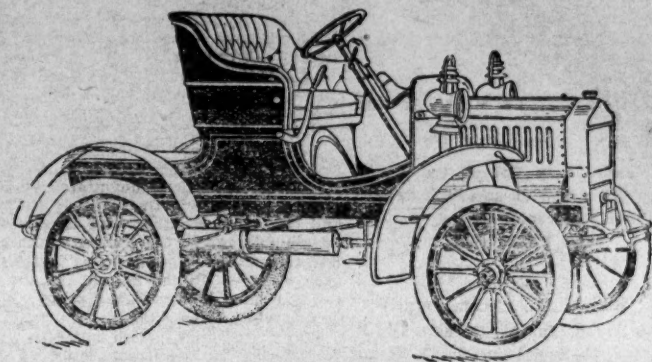
Steamers.
Cameron (Br.), 1,929 tons, Present, Helde & Co.
Relliance (Br.), 2,362 tons, Candlish, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Haxby (Br.), 2,252 tons, Eriksson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Thimbleby (Br.), 1,168 tons, Northards, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Daleby (Br.), 2,353 tons, Ramsey, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Arroyo (Br.), 2,307 tons, Plough, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Schooners.
Admiral (Br.), 83 tons, Pearce, Springfield.

ger Coal Co.
Howard B. Peck, 448 tons, Dodd, C. D. Maffitt.
Lejok, 297 tons, Cressey, C. D. Maffitt.
George A. McFadden, 936 tons, Mead.

ers, Port Tampa to New York, C. D. Maffitt.
Sedgwick, 473 tons, Hagerthy, C. D. Maffitt.
J. S. Hoskins, 390 tons, Gale, C. D. Maffitt.

THE PEERLESS MAXWELL

Guaranteed for 12 months and will last ten years.



A wise and discriminating buyer will investigate.

FRANK HERBST, Sole Agent.

We have the Nobbliest Line of Xmas Slippers In the City.

HEWLETT & PRICE

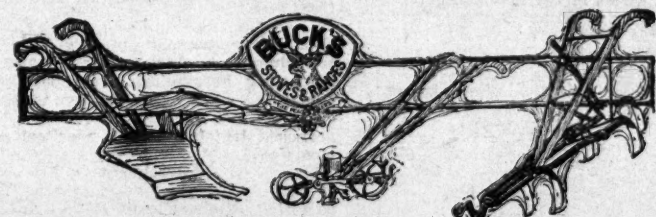
109 Market St.

Mr. Auto Buyer:—

Have you seen the
FORD 1908 Sensation?

"IT'S THE AUTO AT A DECENT PRICE."

PLATT & COMPANY
Agents.



FARMING IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

"TWO HORSE REVERSIBLE DISC PLOWS.
TWO HORSE B. O. S. B. KY. PLOWS.
ONE HORSE PONY KY. PLOWS.
IRON AGE HARROWS AND CULTIVATORS.
CLARK'S CUT-AWAY HARROWS.
and a full line of Farming Utensils. Call or write for price.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

Ja 18 tf

1-4 OFF SALE! **J. M. SOLKY & CO.'S CLOTHING ...NEWS...** **1-4 OFF SALE!**

For Those With a True Sense of Economy

We will place on sale today every man's, youth's and child's over coat and rain coat that we have in stock at ONE-FOURTH OFF, this gives you a chance to buy a fine garment for a little money. We will also include in this sale all of our DRESSED and UNDRESSED Kid Gloves, so don't wait till the other fellow gets your size, but come at once.

Each of these over coats and rain coats were made up for the current season and exemplifies the skill of three of the finest clothing makers in this country.

All our clothing is made by Strouse & Brothers, B. Kuppenheimer & Co., and L. Adler & Bros., and we guarantee every garment that we sell to give satisfaction.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.
THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER
Masonic Temple Building. Front Street

CRIMINAL CODE BILL CONSIDERED

For Over Two Hours The Members of The Senate Discussed It at Length.

SALISBURY MAY GET BOOST

Bill Has Already Passed the House But Will Have to Go to the Senate—Harvester Trust is Now Under Fire.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

Washington, Jan. 22.—The Senate spent over an hour today in discussing a resolution offered by Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota, directing the Department of Commerce and Labor to suspend its investigation into the affairs of the International Harvester Company which was ordered by a resolution over a year ago.

During this discussion Senator Hansbrough declared that the "Harvester trust" is attempting to control the selection of delegates to the next Republican convention and is especially plotting to defeat him for re-election. The resolution finally was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The criminal code bill was again considered for over two hours and at 4:40 the Senate adjourned.

In offering his resolution Mr. Hansbrough explained that there exists between the several departments a certain courtesy or comity which makes them desire to act in harmony and for that reason the department of justice is holding back its proceedings while another department is under direction to make an investigation of the trust it contemplates to prosecute.

The resolution called forth a storm of protest, during which Mr. Hansbrough declared that the International Harvester Company is taking a hand in politics in North Dakota and is trying to capture delegates who are to represent that State in the Republican National convention.

"Not alone that," said Mr. Hansbrough, "the edict has gone forth from this monopoly that I am to be defeated for the Senate of the United States, because I had the temerity to offer a resolution to investigate it."

"The political fortune of a man is a grain of sand compared with the injustice that may be wrought by an institution of this kind. I accept this challenge and am ready to meet it. If the people of my State desire to have this monopoly control their State they don't want me as their representative."

Senator Beveridge declared that this statement of the activity of the "Harvester Trust" was much more important than the reason to stop the investigation of the trust Mr. Beveridge declared that he could not understand how the investigation could affect the action of the department of justice. If the department should secure more information against the trust than the Attorney General now has that would only assist in the prosecution.

Senator William James Bryan of Florida, the youngest member of the Senate, made his maiden speech endeavoring to kill the pending resolution outright instead of sending it to a committee.

In The House.
Rapid progress was made in the consideration of the bill to codify and revise the penal laws of the United States.

The only amendment of any importance which got through was one by Mr. Ollie James of Kentucky, making it a criminal offense under heavy penalty to falsify government crop statistics, to object of the amendment, being to protect the cotton and tobacco growers from speculators. Over fifty pages of the bill were disposed of.

Mr. James explained his amendment by saying he specially desired to reach persons in the agricultural department having to do with tobacco figures. "Is it to be an agricultural department?" he inquired, "or a department that is to be manipulated by a lot of gamblers and thieves that prey upon the farmers of the country?"

Mr. Mann, Illinois, was unable to convince Mr. James that there already was a law to meet the case, and the latter urged the adoption of the amendment.

After Mr. Gaines, Tennessee, had addressed the House in favor of the measure, Mr. Payne remarked that the matter was a fair illustration of paternalism. He declared that speculation was wrong and the government ought not to be asked to furnish any class statistics to enable such speculation to be carried on. It was his opinion that the data ought to be published as fast as it was received and should be accessible to all the people.

Mr. Clark, Missouri, interrupted to state that so long as the Agricultural Department undertook to publish statistics they should be correct.

Mr. Mann opposed the James amendment as being likely to lead to persecution. "There are cases," he remarked, "where the Government seeks to persecute people."

He attacked the administration in this regard, saying it had at different times "sought not to persecute but to persecute certain people, sometimes because they were members of Congress."

Amid Democratic applause the amendment was adopted without division. The penalty prescribed under it is a fine of \$5,000 and imprisonment not more than five years.

Mr. Bartlett, of Georgia, sought to make the term of imprisonment seven years instead of two in cases where prisoners are voluntarily allowed to escape. His proposition was voted down.

The House passed a bill providing for the holding at Salisbury, N. C., of terms of the United States district

and Circuit courts.

Except for a political speech by Mr. Kimball of Kentucky the proceedings were so monotonous that at no time were a hundred members in their seats.

Chairman Tawney of the Committee on Appropriations reported the urgent deficiency bill and gave notice that he would call it up for consideration tomorrow.

One paragraph of the bill provides that all expenses that may be incurred in the approaching trial of the Hyde, Dimond Benson and Scheider Pacific coast land cases shall be paid wholly by the United States. This will amount to approximately \$50,000. The bill carries a total appropriation of \$24,174,450.

President Roosevelt transmitted to the Senate and the House copies of the tariff regulations negotiated some time ago between the United States and Germany, together with a proposed amendment to the customs administrative act putting the same in force as a statute. In the Senate the message aroused lively discussion in executive when it was taken up.

The President's course not only in negotiating the agreement but in proclaiming it to the world, as he did last July, was sharply criticised. It was declared that the agreement makes changes which are equivalent to legislation and it was pointed out that all legislation affecting the tariff must, under the constitution, originate in the House of Representatives. Attention was called to the third section of the McKinley law as possibly permitting the President's course, but his critics contended that his action in this case had gone far beyond the limits permitted by that section.

Stress was laid on the fact that the President had not only negotiated the treaty but that he had given it out as a complete performance without referring it to the Senate for its ratification. This the Senators seemed to consider as especially reprehensible and far beyond the authority of the chief executive. It was pointed out that the German Kaiser had not only referred the agreement to the Reichstag for its action, but that he had even consulted both the local and the national boards of trade. Hence the President was charged with being even more autocratic than the head of the German Empire. It was also declared that under the systems of valuations provided for by the treaty great injustice would be done to the United States.

Senators McLaurin, Teller and others won their fight for an open session in considering the message in spite of the objection of Senator Kern. The discussion enabled Senator Gallinger and one or two others to express themselves concerning the action of an executive in calling for legislation whenever the spirit moved him.

It was finally decided to refer the message to the committee on finance. It is thought by some Senators that a resolution by Senator Gallinger, which was introduced early in the session may have had something to do with the appearance of the message and a request for legislation in the German-American matter at this time.

The figures which the Gallinger resolution produced about a week ago showed quite a reduction in the value of German exports to this country since the regulations were passed and since the system of inspecting consignments was discontinued by our consular officers and agents.

After referring to the proposed amendment to the treaty, the President in his message dated January 22, 1908, says:

"I earnestly recommend to the Congress the enactment into law of this amendment at an early date. Besides promoting harmonious relations between the contracting parties to the agreement in question, I regard the proposed legislation as a meritorious measure for the improvement of our customs administration act, the provisions of which are applicable to importations from all countries alike."

GOVERNOR ENTERTAINS 'EM.

Five Hundred Called With Lawmakers to Pay Their Respects.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 22.—Five hundred and more people called at the Governor's mansion tonight, the occasion being a reception by Governor and Mrs. Glenn, complimentary to members of the General Assembly. The mansion was beautifully decorated with both State and National flags cut flowers and potted plants, every apartment ablaze with light and resplendent with merriment. Governor and Mrs. Glenn were assisted in receiving by State officers and their wives, President Winston, of the Senate, Speaker Justice, of the House of Representatives, and members of the Governor's staff. There were committees of ladies in punch room, State dining room, coffee room and other apartments according to the most delightful hospitality to all callers.

NEGRO CART DRIVER KILLED

Head Crushed by Falling Under Wheel, Died Yesterday.

(Special Star Telegram.)
Lumberton, N. C., Jan. 22.—Jim Thompson, colored, about twenty years old driving a log cart for a saw mill about four miles from here, died last night as the result of having his head crushed yesterday afternoon by falling under one of the cart wheels.

The Secretary of the Treasury announces that owing to the great improvement in financial conditions throughout the country he had begun the gradual withdrawal of deposits of public moneys in moderate amounts from the national banks. The first call has been made upon New York banks and amounts to approximately ten million dollars. This is in addition to about ten million dollars returned by the New York banks since December 26th. The Secretary also announced that a general call for a moderate amount will be made upon banks in other cities at an early date.

A bag containing \$830 in underweight gold coin was stolen from the New Orleans sub-treasury. The coin disappeared Tuesday and the shortage resulting has been made good by the officials who had the gold in charge.

END OF THAW IS APPROACHING

Mother of The Defendant, Still Sick, Has Completed Her Testimony.

ANTHONY COMSTOCK TALKS

Doctors From Rome, Paris and London Are Now in New York and Will Testify as to Thaw's Mental Condition.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)

New York, Jan. 22.—The end of the second Thaw trial is fast approaching. This was indicated late today when Dr. Charles G. Wagner, the first of the alienists to be called by the defense, took the stand for his preliminary examination. Anthony Comstock, vice president of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, had been heard as a witness earlier in the day and Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the defendant, had completed her testimony. The kindergarten teacher who had charge of Harry Thaw as a lad of six also testified.

Mr. Comstock's testimony, while it has been discounted by the known facts of Thaw's appeal to hint to assist in closing up the houses where Stanford White was alleged to have maintained elaborately furnished apartments and where young girls were said to have been mistreated. A dozen letters Thaw wrote to Comstock regarding the matter, giving a detailed description of the 24th street house, were admitted in evidence and read to the jury. District Attorney Jerome seemed as pleased as the defense with the letters, and later in the day read into the record himself, most of Mr. Comstock's replies to Thaw. The witness indicated in his testimony that nothing ever came of the complaints, legal evidence being lacking.

Mrs. William Thaw, still unable to walk unassisted because of her recent illness, told of Thaw's early life, of influence before his birth and of the mental unsoundness of two of her brothers. She was not cross examined. Mr. Jerome contented himself with reading to the jurors the affidavit by the elder Mrs. Thaw last year, when the question of her son's sanity was before a lunacy commission. In that affidavit she declared that in the direct line of descent there had been no insanity in Harry Thaw's family for four generations. As to the collateral cases Mrs. Thaw said in the affidavit there were but two and they were easily accounted for. In her statement to the commission Mrs. Thaw also resented the insinuations which she had been compelled to suffer, because of the newspaper reports of insanity in the family, and she asserted that there were no family secrets to hide and there was no skeleton to be bared.

Mr. Littleton may continue with expert testimony tomorrow or he may offer as witnesses the doctors from Rome, Paris and London who are to testify briefly of attending Thaw in those cities. Another doctor is expected to testify about an outbreak on a train and that will end all save the expert testimony. Today the codicil to Thaw's will was placed in evidence, but the will itself was temporarily ruled out because of the insufficiency of evidence showing its custody since 1905. Mr. Littleton said that he would supply this tomorrow or Friday.

The codicil provided a number of bequests to lawyers and others to aid alleged victims of Stanford White to prosecute claims for damages against him and for the prosecution of all persons engaged "in such unlawful practices as said Stanford White."

Thaw named a number of young women now on the stage as possible claimants against White.

Following the reading of the codicil Mr. Littleton called Anthony Comstock to the stand.

Mr. Comstock said that Thaw called at his office in February, 1904, and complained of a party who was wronging young girls. Thaw went into details which the witness repeated as far as he could remember. Mr. Comstock also said he had received several letters from Thaw.

On cross examination District Attorney Jerome asked Mr. Comstock if he ever got into the 24th street house.

"No sir."

The prosecution devoted much of its time with the witness to calling attention to the fact that the statements in the letters were coherent, understandable and rational in their references to historic events.

Mr. Comstock produced at Mr. Jerome's request a letter copy book containing the replies sent by Comstock to Thaw's letters. There were also several letters written by Mr. Comstock to the children's society concerning the matters complained of by Thaw. The latter letters indicated that the alleged crimes more properly belonged to the province of the children's organization.

The cross examination quickly ended and John B. Gleason of counsel for Thaw at the first trial was called in connection with proving Thaw's will. Justice Dowling said it would be necessary before the will could be received in evidence to produce witnesses to show it was in its present condition previous to the homicide. The District Attorney attempted to question Mr. Gleason as to any letters written by Stanford White to Evelyn Nesbit which may have come into his possession but was blocked by the exercise of the district attorney's professional privilege.

Mrs. William Thaw, the mother, was recalled to conclude her testimony.

Mrs. Thaw told of waking up one

night shortly before Harry's birth and finding that her eldest child, an infant, was dead in her bed. The nervous shock was so severe, she declared, that for more than seven months she scarcely slept at all. As an infant, Harry Thaw suffered the most remarkable sleeplessness she had ever known in a child. He was nervous and instead of sleeping at night would insist upon being propped up to a sitting posture in bed, his eyes having a wide awake expression.

The mother went into the details of the defendant's early life, telling of his various ills and never-ending attacks of nervousness. Mrs. Thaw told of the various schools the boy had attended from time to time.

Mrs. Thaw also testified as to the unsound mental conditions of her brothers, Josiah Copley and Henry Copley and stated that her husband's sister, Mrs. Hirsch was an epileptic.

District Attorney Jerome waived cross examination of Mrs. Thaw, under agreement of the defense to admit into evidence the affidavit the mother made last year before the lunacy commission.

Mrs. Belle Morehouse Lawrence, Thaw's first teacher, was called to the stand. It was as Miss Morehouse that she taught Harry Thaw in her kindergarten school at Pittsburg.

"Harry was a delicate child," she said, "with a large head. He was always brooding; he would stand with his mouth wide open and his eyes were blank and peculiar. When he came to me he was five years and eleven months old, but his speech was unintelligible. After three weeks I found he had a language of his own. I had to give him private lessons."

Harry often would be overcome by spasms of excitement or paroxysms of temper, the witness continued "and when he had nearly reached convulsions it would be necessary to carry him bodily from the room and pour cold water on his wrists and place cold cloths on his head to cool his blood. These outbreaks occurred twice a day at times. The days when there was no trouble were rare. After the applications of water his face would become calm and languid."

She said he would sometimes try to beat against the wall with a chair. "Did his actions impress you as rational or irrational?"

"Irrational."

"Did you report to his mother the result of your observations?"

"Yes, I told her I was afraid something would happen to his brain from being over-stimulated and that he lacked stamina."

"Did you ever call in a physician for Thaw?" asked Mr. Jerome.

"No."

"You only gave him cold water for his tantrums?"

"Yes."

"Did you ever try spanking him for his tantrums?"

"No."

Mrs. Lawrence said after consulting an eminent authority she tried corporal punishment once but it did no good.

"I did not say anything about punishment. I said spanking" interposed Mr. Jerome, to which Mr. Littleton retorted:

"I am familiar with your attempts at alleged facetiousness about serious matters, but I am trying to ascertain serious facts."

Dr. Charles G. Wagner, superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Binghamton, N. Y., one of the alienists for the defense who testified last year was called.

Dr. Wagner testified about the several visits he and Dr. Britton D. Evans paid to Thaw in the tombs after the homicide and their physical examination of him. The testimony closely followed that of last year.

When adjournment was taken Justice Dowling granted permission that the witness be withdrawn for examination later in the case.

"WHAT A PITY," SAYS PARKER

Alton B. Pays His Respects to Col. Bryan and Expresses His Mind.

(By Wire to the Morning Star.)
Albany, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Ex-Chief Justice Alton B. Parker of the Court of Appeals, who was Democratic candidate in 1904 for President of the United States, was in Albany today in attendance upon the court.

His attention was called to an extract from the speech of William J. Bryan, before the Democratic members of the Kentucky Legislature yesterday, in which Mr. Bryan was quoted as saying that in 1904 he took his medicine in Parker.

Parker was the man above all others I did not want."

"What a pity," said Judge Parker, "that Mr. Bryan failed to be equally frank in 1903. Had he done so the situation of the party would be vastly better than it is. There were but few Democrats in that year who thought it wise to have a third term candidate. But every man of sense knew that unless a man could be found who would receive Mr. Bryan's support, his warm personal following would seek revenge for the defeats of 1896 and 1900."

"So statesmen, politicians and interested citizens sought diligently to find some one that he would support. To some, at least, he said he would bolt ex-President Cleveland, Governor Hill, Senator Gorman and Judge Gray, but that it would be hard to oppose Parker, as Parker had supported him."

"This attitude induced the impression among many that my nomination would be acceptable to Mr. Bryan as any except his own. That impression led to pressure upon me from many quarters to change my plans for life. And it contributed in no small measure to the movement which led to the convention."

"Subsequent events showed that Mr. Bryan had not been entirely open with those who had consulted him. For when to his surprise delegates began to be elected favorable to my nomination, when indeed the tide had grown too strong to be breasted, he started out on his famous tour of denunciation. The dragons teeth which he then sowed yielded an abundant harvest, ay, all that he could wish."

"But it would have been very much better for the party had he said in 1903, before sentiment had crystallized as he says: 'Parker is the man above all who is that I don't want.'"

Attend Rehder's Clearing Sale.

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of course, is to secure a satisfactory yield from your land—the largest crop at the least cost of production.

What You Need

therefore, is a fertilizer that will insure to you the best results possible.

Armour's Fertilizers

have never yet failed to satisfy. In fact, so successful have been the users of our goods in raising big crops, that in many sections they say—

"Armour's Means Crop Insurance"

W. B. COOPER, Wilmington, North Carolina.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

The Ladies' Suit Department

To close out the remaining stock of Ladies' Suits, we offer all our Suits AT COST! -:- AT COST!

30 Eton Suits will be sold at half price to close out.

Ladies' Panama and Voile Skirts at reduced prices.

Entire stock of Furs at cost.

We are the only dry goods store using Red Southern Trading Stamps.

The C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

NORTH CAROLINA,
Duplin County,
In the Superior Court.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.
W. R. Newbury on behalf of himself and all other Stockholders and Creditors.

vs.

The H. E. Newbury Company.
THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
TO THE SHERIFF OF DUPLIN
COUNTY—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED To summon The H. E. Newbury Company, the Defendant above named, if it be found within your County, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court at the Court to be held for the County of Duplin at the Court House in Kenansville on the second Monday before the first Monday in March, 1908, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County within the first three days of the term, and let the said Defendant take notice that if it fails to answer the said complaint within that term, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint and the cost of this action to be taxed by the Clerk.

Herein fail not, and of this summons make due return.
Given under my hand and seal this 10th day of January, A. D. 1908.

D. H. WALLACE,
Clerk of the Superior Court, Duplin County.
Jan 23-3w

NOTICE.

All Jurors and Witnesses summoned for this term of the Superior Court, either for the first or second week, need not attend, as there will be no session of this court held.

JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court.

NOTICE.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE H. E. NEWBURY COMPANY:

YOU AND EACH OF YOU ARE HEREBY notified to present your claim against The H. E. Newbury Company of Magnolia, N. C., in writing, duly verified within thirty days from this date and any creditor failing to present his claim within the above time will be barred from participating in the distribution of the assets of the corporation.

This January 20th, A. D. 1908.
M. B. TAYLOR, Receiver,
ja 22-30days Magnolia, N. C.

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E. Warren & Son
Bakery Department
Phone 376

White Spring Oats!

- 1290 Bushels Spring Oats.
- 118 Coils Cotton Rope.
- 181 Bags Bliss Potatoes—Coming.
- 115 Bags E. R. Potatoes—Coming.
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- 119 Bags Fresh Grits.
- 287 Barrels Royal Flour.
- 291 Barrels Royal in Bags.
- 115 Barrels Bunker Hill.
- 127 Barrels Bunker in Bags.
- 195 Kegs Large Mullet.
- 43 Kegs Small Mullet.
- 36 Dozen Axe Handles.
- 78 Dozen Wash Boards.
- COME TO SEE US.

W. B. Cooper,
Wilmington, N. C.

ja 12 ft